
Feast Documentation

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FEATURE STORE

```
class feast.feature_store.FeatureStore(repo_path: str | None = None, config: RepoConfig | None =
                                     None, fs_yaml_file: Path | None = None)
```

A FeatureStore object is used to define, create, and retrieve features.

config

The config for the feature store.

Type

feast.repo_config.RepoConfig

repo_path

The path to the feature repo.

Type

pathlib.Path

_registry

The registry for the feature store.

Type

feast.infra.registry.base_registry.BaseRegistry

_provider

The provider for the feature store.

Type

feast.infra.provider.Provider

```
apply(objects: DataSource | Entity | FeatureView | OnDemandFeatureView | RequestFeatureView |
      BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | FeatureService | ValidationReference | List[FeatureView |
      OnDemandFeatureView | RequestFeatureView | BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | Entity |
      FeatureService | DataSource | ValidationReference], objects_to_delete: List[FeatureView |
      OnDemandFeatureView | RequestFeatureView | BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | Entity |
      FeatureService | DataSource | ValidationReference] | None = None, partial: bool = True)
```

Register objects to metadata store and update related infrastructure.

The apply method registers one or more definitions (e.g., Entity, FeatureView) and registers or updates these objects in the Feast registry. Once the apply method has updated the infrastructure (e.g., create tables in an online store), it will commit the updated registry. All operations are idempotent, meaning they can safely be rerun.

Parameters

- **objects** – A single object, or a list of objects that should be registered with the Feature Store.

- **objects_to_delete** – A list of objects to be deleted from the registry and removed from the provider’s infrastructure. This deletion will only be performed if partial is set to False.
- **partial** – If True, apply will only handle the specified objects; if False, apply will also delete all the objects in objects_to_delete, and tear down any associated cloud resources.

Raises

ValueError – The ‘objects’ parameter could not be parsed properly.

Examples

Register an Entity and a FeatureView.

```
>>> from feast import FeatureStore, Entity, FeatureView, Feature, FileSource, \
↳ RepoConfig
>>> from datetime import timedelta
>>> fs = FeatureStore(repo_path="project/feature_repo")
>>> driver = Entity(name="driver_id", description="driver id")
>>> driver_hourly_stats = FileSource(
...     path="project/feature_repo/data/driver_stats.parquet",
...     timestamp_field="event_timestamp",
...     created_timestamp_column="created",
... )
>>> driver_hourly_stats_view = FeatureView(
...     name="driver_hourly_stats",
...     entities=[driver],
...     ttl=timedelta(seconds=86400 * 1),
...     source=driver_hourly_stats,
... )
>>> fs.apply([driver_hourly_stats_view, driver]) # register entity and feature_
↳ view
```

create_saved_dataset(from_: RetrievalJob, name: str, storage: SavedDatasetStorage, tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None, feature_service: FeatureService | None = None, allow_overwrite: bool = False) → SavedDataset

Execute provided retrieval job and persist its outcome in given storage. Storage type (eg, BigQuery or Redshift) must be the same as globally configured offline store. After data successfully persisted saved dataset object with dataset metadata is committed to the registry. Name for the saved dataset should be unique within project, since it’s possible to overwrite previously stored dataset with the same name.

Parameters

- **from** – The retrieval job whose result should be persisted.
- **name** – The name of the saved dataset.
- **storage** – The saved dataset storage object indicating where the result should be persisted.
- **tags** (optional) – A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.
- **feature_service** (optional) – The feature service that should be associated with this saved dataset.
- **allow_overwrite** (optional) – If True, the persisted result can overwrite an existing table or file.

Returns

SavedDataset object with attached RetrievalJob

Raises

ValueError if given retrieval job doesn't have metadata –

delete_feature_service(*name: str*)

Deletes a feature service.

Parameters

name – Name of feature service.

Raises

FeatureServiceNotFoundException – The feature view could not be found.

delete_feature_view(*name: str*)

Deletes a feature view.

Parameters

name – Name of feature view.

Raises

FeatureViewNotFoundException – The feature view could not be found.

get_data_source(*name: str*) → *DataSource*

Retrieves the list of data sources from the registry.

Parameters

name – Name of the data source.

Returns

The specified data source.

Raises

DataSourceObjectNotFoundException – The data source could not be found.

get_entity(*name: str, allow_registry_cache: bool = False*) → *Entity*

Retrieves an entity.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of entity.
- **allow_registry_cache** – (Optional) Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

The specified entity.

Raises

EntityNotFoundException – The entity could not be found.

get_feature_server_endpoint() → *str* | *None*

Returns endpoint for the feature server, if it exists.

get_feature_service(*name: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *FeatureService*

Retrieves a feature service.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature service.
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning feature services from a cached registry.

Returns

The specified feature service.

Raises

FeatureServiceNotFoundException – The feature service could not be found.

get_feature_view(*name*: *str*, *allow_registry_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *FeatureView*

Retrieves a feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature view.
- **allow_registry_cache** – (Optional) Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

The specified feature view.

Raises

FeatureViewNotFoundException – The feature view could not be found.

get_historical_features(*entity_df*: *DataFrame* | *str*, *features*: *List[str]* | *FeatureService*, *full_feature_names*: *bool* = *False*) → *RetrievalJob*

Enrich an entity dataframe with historical feature values for either training or batch scoring.

This method joins historical feature data from one or more feature views to an entity dataframe by using a time travel join.

Each feature view is joined to the entity dataframe using all entities configured for the respective feature view. All configured entities must be available in the entity dataframe. Therefore, the entity dataframe must contain all entities found in all feature views, but the individual feature views can have different entities.

Time travel is based on the configured TTL for each feature view. A shorter TTL will limit the amount of scanning that will be done in order to find feature data for a specific entity key. Setting a short TTL may result in null values being returned.

Parameters

- **entity_df** (*Union[pd.DataFrame, str]*) – An entity dataframe is a collection of rows containing all entity columns (e.g., *customer_id*, *driver_id*) on which features need to be joined, as well as a *event_timestamp* column used to ensure point-in-time correctness. Either a Pandas *DataFrame* can be provided or a string SQL query. The query must be of a format supported by the configured offline store (e.g., *BigQuery*)
- **features** – The list of features that should be retrieved from the offline store. These features can be specified either as a list of string feature references or as a feature service. String feature references must have format “*feature_view:feature*”, e.g. “*customer_fv:daily_transactions*”.
- **full_feature_names** – If *True*, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “*feature*” to “*feature_view__feature*” (e.g. “*daily_transactions*” changes to “*customer_fv__daily_transactions*”).

Returns

RetrievalJob which can be used to materialize the results.

Raises

ValueError – Both or neither of *features* and *feature_refs* are specified.

Examples

Retrieve historical features from a local offline store.

```
>>> from feast import FeatureStore, RepoConfig
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> fs = FeatureStore(repo_path="project/feature_repo")
>>> entity_df = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(
...     {
...         "driver_id": [1001, 1002],
...         "event_timestamp": [
...             datetime(2021, 4, 12, 10, 59, 42),
...             datetime(2021, 4, 12, 8, 12, 10),
...         ],
...     }
... )
>>> retrieval_job = fs.get_historical_features(
...     entity_df=entity_df,
...     features=[
...         "driver_hourly_stats:conv_rate",
...         "driver_hourly_stats:acc_rate",
...         "driver_hourly_stats:avg_daily_trips",
...     ],
... )
>>> feature_data = retrieval_job.to_df()
```

get_on_demand_feature_view(name: *str*) → *OnDemandFeatureView*

Retrieves a feature view.

Parameters

name – Name of feature view.

Returns

The specified feature view.

Raises

FeatureViewNotFoundException – The feature view could not be found.

get_online_features(features: *List[str] | FeatureService*, entity_rows: *List[Dict[str, Any]]*, full_feature_names: *bool = False*) → *OnlineResponse*

Retrieves the latest online feature data.

Note: This method will download the full feature registry the first time it is run. If you are using a remote registry like GCS or S3 then that may take a few seconds. The registry remains cached up to a TTL duration (which can be set to infinity). If the cached registry is stale (more time than the TTL has passed), then a new registry will be downloaded synchronously by this method. This download may introduce latency to online feature retrieval. In order to avoid synchronous downloads, please call `refresh_registry()` prior to the TTL being reached. Remember it is possible to set the cache TTL to infinity (cache forever).

Parameters

- **features** – The list of features that should be retrieved from the online store. These features can be specified either as a list of string feature references or as a feature service. String feature references must have format “feature_view:feature”, e.g. “customer_fv:daily_transactions”.
- **entity_rows** – A list of dictionaries where each key-value is an entity-name, entity-value pair.

- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

OnlineResponse containing the feature data in records.

Raises

Exception – No entity with the specified name exists.

Examples

Retrieve online features from an online store.

```
>>> from feast import FeatureStore, RepoConfig
>>> fs = FeatureStore(repo_path="project/feature_repo")
>>> online_response = fs.get_online_features(
...     features=[
...         "driver_hourly_stats:conv_rate",
...         "driver_hourly_stats:acc_rate",
...         "driver_hourly_stats:avg_daily_trips",
...     ],
...     entity_rows=[{"driver_id": 1001}, {"driver_id": 1002}, {"driver_id": 1003}, {"driver_id": 1004}],
... )
>>> online_response_dict = online_response.to_dict()
```

get_saved_dataset(name: *str*) → SavedDataset

Find a saved dataset in the registry by provided name and create a retrieval job to pull whole dataset from storage (offline store).

If dataset couldn't be found by provided name SavedDatasetNotFound exception will be raised.

Data will be retrieved from globally configured offline store.

Returns

SavedDataset with RetrievalJob attached

Raises

SavedDatasetNotFound –

get_stream_feature_view(name: *str*, allow_registry_cache: *bool* = False) → StreamFeatureView

Retrieves a stream feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of stream feature view.
- **allow_registry_cache** – (Optional) Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

The specified stream feature view.

Raises

FeatureViewNotFoundException – The feature view could not be found.

get_validation_reference(name: *str*, allow_cache: *bool* = False) → ValidationReference

Retrieves a validation reference.

Raises

ValidationReferenceNotFoundException – The validation reference could not be found.

list_data_sources(*allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*DataSource*]

Retrieves the list of data sources from the registry.

Parameters

allow_cache – Whether to allow returning data sources from a cached registry.

Returns

A list of data sources.

list_entities(*allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*Entity*]

Retrieves the list of entities from the registry.

Parameters

allow_cache – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry.

Returns

A list of entities.

list_feature_services() → *List*[*FeatureService*]

Retrieves the list of feature services from the registry.

Returns

A list of feature services.

list_feature_views(*allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*FeatureView*]

Retrieves the list of feature views from the registry.

Parameters

allow_cache – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry.

Returns

A list of feature views.

list_on_demand_feature_views(*allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*OnDemandFeatureView*]

Retrieves the list of on demand feature views from the registry.

Returns

A list of on demand feature views.

list_request_feature_views(*allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*RequestFeatureView*]

Retrieves the list of feature views from the registry.

Parameters

allow_cache – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry.

Returns

A list of feature views.

list_stream_feature_views(*allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*StreamFeatureView*]

Retrieves the list of stream feature views from the registry.

Returns

A list of stream feature views.

materialize(*start_date*: *datetime*, *end_date*: *datetime*, *feature_views*: *List*[*str*] | *None* = *None*) → *None*

Materialize data from the offline store into the online store.

This method loads feature data in the specified interval from either the specified feature views, or all feature views if none are specified, into the online store where it is available for online serving.

Parameters

- **start_date** (*datetime*) – Start date for time range of data to materialize into the online store
- **end_date** (*datetime*) – End date for time range of data to materialize into the online store
- **feature_views** (*List[str]*) – Optional list of feature view names. If selected, will only run materialization for the specified feature views.

Examples

Materialize all features into the online store over the interval from 3 hours ago to 10 minutes ago.

```
>>> from feast import FeatureStore, RepoConfig >>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta >>> fs = FeatureStore(repo_path="project/feature_repo") >>> fs.materialize( ... start_date=datetime.utcnow() - timedelta(hours=3), end_date=datetime.utcnow() - timedelta(minutes=10) ... ) Materializing... <BLANKLINE> ...
```

materialize_incremental(*end_date: datetime, feature_views: List[str] | None = None*) → *None*

Materialize incremental new data from the offline store into the online store.

This method loads incremental new feature data up to the specified end time from either the specified feature views, or all feature views if none are specified, into the online store where it is available for online serving. The start time of the interval materialized is either the most recent end time of a prior materialization or (now - ttl) if no such prior materialization exists.

Parameters

- **end_date** (*datetime*) – End date for time range of data to materialize into the online store
- **feature_views** (*List[str]*) – Optional list of feature view names. If selected, will only run materialization for the specified feature views.

Raises

Exception – A feature view being materialized does not have a TTL set.

Examples

Materialize all features into the online store up to 5 minutes ago.

```
>>> from feast import FeatureStore, RepoConfig
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> fs = FeatureStore(repo_path="project/feature_repo")
>>> fs.materialize_incremental(end_date=datetime.utcnow() -
↳ timedelta(minutes=5))
Materializing...
...

```

plan(*desired_repo_contents: RepoContents*) → *Tuple[RegistryDiff, InfraDiff, Infra]*

Dry-run registering objects to metadata store.

The plan method dry-runs registering one or more definitions (e.g., Entity, FeatureView), and produces a list of all the changes that would be introduced in the feature repo. The changes computed by the plan command are for informational purposes, and are not actually applied to the registry.

Parameters

desired_repo_contents – The desired repo state.

Raises

ValueError – The ‘objects’ parameter could not be parsed properly.

Examples

Generate a plan adding an Entity and a FeatureView.

```
>>> from feast import FeatureStore, Entity, FeatureView, Feature, FileSource, RepoConfig
>>> from feast.feature_store import RepoContents
>>> from datetime import timedelta
>>> fs = FeatureStore(repo_path="project/feature_repo")
>>> driver = Entity(name="driver_id", description="driver id")
>>> driver_hourly_stats = FileSource(
...     path="project/feature_repo/data/driver_stats.parquet",
...     timestamp_field="event_timestamp",
...     created_timestamp_column="created",
... )
>>> driver_hourly_stats_view = FeatureView(
...     name="driver_hourly_stats",
...     entities=[driver],
...     ttl=timedelta(seconds=86400 * 1),
...     source=driver_hourly_stats,
... )
>>> registry_diff, infra_diff, new_infra = fs.plan(RepoContents(
...     data_sources=[driver_hourly_stats],
...     feature_views=[driver_hourly_stats_view],
...     on_demand_feature_views=list(),
...     stream_feature_views=list(),
...     request_feature_views=list(),
...     entities=[driver],
...     feature_services=list())) # register entity and feature view
```

property project: str

Gets the project of this feature store.

push(push_source_name: str, df: DataFrame, allow_registry_cache: bool = True, to: PushMode = PushMode.ONLINE)

Push features to a push source. This updates all the feature views that have the push source as stream source.

Parameters

- **push_source_name** – The name of the push source we want to push data to.
- **df** – The data being pushed.
- **allow_registry_cache** – Whether to allow cached versions of the registry.
- **to** – Whether to push to online or offline store. Defaults to online store only.

refresh_registry()

Fetches and caches a copy of the feature registry in memory.

Explicitly calling this method allows for direct control of the state of the registry cache. Every time this method is called the complete registry state will be retrieved from the remote registry store backend (e.g., GCS, S3), and the cache timer will be reset. If `refresh_registry()` is run before `get_online_features()` is called, then `get_online_features()` will use the cached registry instead of retrieving (and caching) the registry itself.

Additionally, the TTL for the registry cache can be set to infinity (by setting it to 0), which means that `refresh_registry()` will become the only way to update the cached registry. If the TTL is set to a value greater than 0, then once the cache becomes stale (more time than the TTL has passed), a new cache will be downloaded synchronously, which may increase latencies if the triggering method is `get_online_features()`.

property registry: `BaseRegistry`

Gets the registry of this feature store.

serve(*host*: `str`, *port*: `int`, *type_*: `str`, *no_access_log*: `bool`, *no_feature_log*: `bool`, *workers*: `int`, *keep_alive_timeout*: `int`) → `None`

Start the feature consumption server locally on a given port.

serve_transformations(*port*: `int`) → `None`

Start the feature transformation server locally on a given port.

serve_ui(*host*: `str`, *port*: `int`, *get_registry_dump*: `Callable`, *registry_ttl_sec*: `int`, *root_path*: `str` = `"`) → `None`

Start the UI server locally

teardown()

Tears down all local and cloud resources for the feature store.

validate_logged_features(*source*: `FeatureService`, *start*: `datetime`, *end*: `datetime`, *reference*: `ValidationReference`, *throw_exception*: `bool` = `True`, *cache_profile*: `bool` = `True`) → `ValidationFailed` | `None`

Load logged features from an offline store and validate them against provided validation reference.

Parameters

- **source** – Logs source object (currently only feature services are supported)
- **start** – lower bound for loading logged features
- **end** – upper bound for loading logged features
- **reference** – validation reference
- **throw_exception** – throw exception or return it as a result
- **cache_profile** – store cached profile in Feast registry

Returns

Throw or return (depends on parameter) `ValidationFailed` exception if validation was not successful or `None` if successful.

version() → `str`

Returns the version of the current Feast SDK/CLI.

write_logged_features(*logs*: `Table` | `Path`, *source*: `FeatureService`)

Write logs produced by a source (currently only feature service is supported as a source) to an offline store.

Parameters

- **logs** – Arrow Table or path to parquet dataset directory on disk
- **source** – Object that produces logs

write_to_offline_store(*feature_view_name: str, df: DataFrame, allow_registry_cache: bool = True, reorder_columns: bool = True*)

Persists the dataframe directly into the batch data source for the given feature view.

Fails if the dataframe columns do not match the columns of the batch data source. Optionally reorders the columns of the dataframe to match.

write_to_online_store(*feature_view_name: str, df: DataFrame, allow_registry_cache: bool = True*)

Persists a dataframe to the online store.

Parameters

- **feature_view_name** – The feature view to which the dataframe corresponds.
- **df** – The dataframe to be persisted.
- **allow_registry_cache** (*optional*) – Whether to allow retrieving feature views from a cached registry.

CONFIG

```
class feast.repo_config.RepoConfig(*, project: StrictStr, provider: StrictStr, feature_server: Any | None =
    None, flags: Any = None, repo_path: Path | None = None,
    entity_key_serialization_version: StrictInt = 1, coerce_tz_aware: bool
    | None = True, **data: Any)
```

Repo config. Typically loaded from *feature_store.yaml*

coerce_tz_aware: `bool | None`

If True, coerces entity_df timestamp columns to be timezone aware (to UTC by default).

entity_key_serialization_version: `StrictInt`

This version is used to control what serialization scheme is used when writing data to the online store. A value ≤ 1 uses the serialization scheme used by feast up to Feast 0.22. A value of 2 uses a newer serialization scheme, supported as of Feast 0.23. The main difference between the two scheme is that the serialization scheme v1 stored *long* values as `int`s`, which would result in errors trying to serialize a range of values. v2 fixes this error, but v1 is kept around to ensure backwards compatibility - specifically the ability to read feature values for entities that have already been written into the online store.

Type

Entity key serialization version

feature_server: `Any | None`

Feature server configuration (optional depending on provider)

Type

FeatureServerConfig

flags: `Any`

Feature flags for experimental features

Type

Flags (deprecated field)

project: `StrictStr`

Feast project id. This can be any alphanumeric string up to 16 characters. You can have multiple independent feature repositories deployed to the same cloud provider account, as long as they have different project ids.

Type

`str`

provider: `StrictStr`

local or gcp or aws

Type

`str`

```
class feast.repo_config.RegistryConfig(*, registry_type: StrictStr = 'file', registry_store_type: StrictStr |  
    None = None, path: StrictStr = "", cache_ttl_seconds: StrictInt =  
    600, s3_additional_kwargs: Dict[str, str] | None = None,  
    **extra_data: Any)
```

Metadata Store Configuration. Configuration that relates to reading from and writing to the Feast registry.

cache_ttl_seconds: **StrictInt**

The cache TTL is the amount of time registry state will be cached in memory. If this TTL is exceeded then the registry will be refreshed when any feature store method asks for access to registry state. The TTL can be set to infinity by setting TTL to 0 seconds, which means the cache will only be loaded once and will never expire. Users can manually refresh the cache by calling `feature_store.refresh_registry()`

Type
`int`

path: **StrictStr**

Path to metadata store. If `registry_type` is 'file', then can be a local path, or remote object storage path, e.g. a GCS URI. If `registry_type` is 'sql', then this is a database URL as expected by SQLAlchemy

Type
`str`

registry_store_type: **StrictStr** | **None**

Provider name or a class name that implements `RegistryStore`.

Type
`str`

registry_type: **StrictStr**

Provider name or a class name that implements `Registry`.

Type
`str`

s3_additional_kwargs: **Dict[str, str]** | **None**

Extra arguments to pass to boto3 when writing the registry file to S3.

Type
`Dict[str, str]`

DATA SOURCE

```
class feast.data_source.DataSource(*, name: str, timestamp_field: str | None = None,
                                   created_timestamp_column: str | None = None, field_mapping:
                                   Dict[str, str] | None = None, description: str | None = "", tags: Dict[str,
                                   str] | None = None, owner: str | None = "", date_partition_column: str |
                                   None = None)
```

DataSource that can be used to source features.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of data source, which should be unique within a project
- **timestamp_field** (*optional*) – Event timestamp field used for point-in-time joins of feature values.
- **created_timestamp_column** (*optional*) – Timestamp column indicating when the row was created, used for deduplicating rows.
- **field_mapping** (*optional*) – A dictionary mapping of column names in this data source to feature names in a feature table or view. Only used for feature columns, not entity or timestamp columns.
- **description** (*optional*) –
- **tags** (*optional*) – A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.
- **owner** (*optional*) – The owner of the data source, typically the email of the primary maintainer.
- **date_partition_column** (*optional*) – Timestamp column used for partitioning. Not supported by all offline stores.

```
abstract static from_proto(data_source: DataSource) → Any
```

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

```
get_table_column_names_and_types(config: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]
```

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → *str*

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

abstract static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → *Callable*[[*str*], *ValueType*]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

abstract to_proto() → *DataSource*

Converts a *DataSourceProto* object to its protobuf representation.

validate(*config*: *RepoConfig*)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.1 File Source

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.file_source.FileSource(*, path: str, name: str | None = "",
                                                         event_timestamp_column: str | None = "",
                                                         file_format: FileFormat | None = None,
                                                         created_timestamp_column: str | None = "",
                                                         field_mapping: Dict[str, str] | None =
                                                         None, s3_endpoint_override: str | None =
                                                         None, description: str | None = "", tags:
                                                         Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner: str |
                                                         None = "", timestamp_field: str | None = "")
```

property file_format: FileFormat | None

Returns the file format of this file data source.

static from_proto(*data_source*: *DataSource*)

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a *DataSource* class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a *DataSource*.

Returns

A *DataSource* class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of *DataSource* could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(*config*: *RepoConfig*) → *Iterable*[*Tuple*[*str*, *str*]]

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → *str*

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

property path: str

Returns the path of this file data source.

property s3_endpoint_override: str | None

Returns the s3 endpoint override of this file data source.

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → Callable[[str], ValueType]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(config: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.2 Snowflake Source

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.snowflake_source.SnowflakeSource(*, name: str | None = None,
                                                                    timestamp_field: str | None =
                                                                    ", database: str | None =
                                                                    None, warehouse: str | None =
                                                                    None, schema: str | None =
                                                                    None, table: str | None =
                                                                    None, query: str | None =
                                                                    None,
                                                                    created_timestamp_column:
                                                                    str | None = ", field_mapping:
                                                                    Dict[str, str] | None = None,
                                                                    description: str | None = ",
                                                                    tags: Dict[str, str] | None =
                                                                    None, owner: str | None = ")
```

property database

Returns the database of this snowflake source.

static from_proto(data_source: DataSource)

Creates a SnowflakeSource from a protobuf representation of a SnowflakeSource.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a SnowflakeSource

Returns

A SnowflakeSource object based on the data_source protobuf.

get_table_column_names_and_types(config: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]

Returns a mapping of column names to types for this snowflake source.

Parameters

config – A RepoConfig describing the feature repo

get_table_query_string() → str

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

property query

Returns the snowflake options of this snowflake source.

property schema

Returns the schema of this snowflake source.

static `source_datatype_to_feast_value_type()` → `Callable[[str], ValueType]`

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

property `table`

Returns the table of this snowflake source.

to_proto() → `DataSource`

Converts a SnowflakeSource object to its protobuf representation.

Returns

A DataSourceProto object.

validate(*config*: `RepoConfig`)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.3 BigQuery Source

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.bigquery_source.BigQuerySource(*, name: str | None = None,
                                                                timestamp_field: str | None =
                                                                None, table: str | None = None,
                                                                created_timestamp_column: str |
                                                                None = "", field_mapping:
                                                                Dict[str, str] | None = None,
                                                                query: str | None = None,
                                                                description: str | None = "", tags:
                                                                Dict[str, str] | None = None,
                                                                owner: str | None = "")
```

static `from_proto(data_source: DataSource)`

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(*config*: `RepoConfig`) → `Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]`

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → `str`

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL

static `source_datatype_to_feast_value_type()` → `Callable[[str], ValueType]`

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(config: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.4 Redshift Source

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.redshift_source.RedshiftSource(*, name: str | None = None,
                                                                timestamp_field: str | None = "",
                                                                table: str | None = None,
                                                                schema: str | None = None,
                                                                created_timestamp_column: str |
                                                                None = "", field_mapping:
                                                                Dict[str, str] | None = None,
                                                                query: str | None = None,
                                                                description: str | None = "", tags:
                                                                Dict[str, str] | None = None,
                                                                owner: str | None = "", database:
                                                                str | None = "")
```

property database

Returns the Redshift database of this Redshift source.

static from_proto(data_source: DataSource)

Creates a RedshiftSource from a protobuf representation of a RedshiftSource.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a RedshiftSource

Returns

A RedshiftSource object based on the data_source protobuf.

get_table_column_names_and_types(config: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]

Returns a mapping of column names to types for this Redshift source.

Parameters

config – A RepoConfig describing the feature repo

get_table_query_string() → str

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

property query

Returns the Redshift query of this Redshift source.

property schema

Returns the schema of this Redshift source.

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → Callable[[str], ValueType]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

property table

Returns the table of this Redshift source.

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a RedshiftSource object to its protobuf representation.

Returns

A DataSourceProto object.

validate(*config*: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.5 Spark Source


```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.spark_offline_store.spark_source.SparkSource(*,
                                             name:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             ta-
                                             ble:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             query:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             path:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             file_format:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             event_timestamp_column:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             created_timestamp_column:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             field_mapping:
                                             Dict[str,
                                             str]
                                             |
                                             None
                                             =
                                             None,
                                             de-
                                             scrip-
                                             tion:
                                             str |
                                             None
                                             = "",
                                             tags:
                                             Dict[str,
                                             str]
                                             |
                                             None
                                             =21
                                             None,
                                             owner:
                                             str |
```

property file_format

Returns the file format of this feature data source.

static from_proto(data_source: DataSource) → Any

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(config: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → str

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL

property path

Returns the path of the spark data source file.

property query

Returns the query of this feature data source

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → Callable[[str], ValueType]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

property table

Returns the table of this feature data source

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(config: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.6 Trino Source

```

class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.trino_offline_store.trino_source.TrinoSource(*,
                                                                                    name:
                                                                                    str |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    =
                                                                                    None,
                                                                                    times-
                                                                                    tamp_field:
                                                                                    str |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    =
                                                                                    None,
                                                                                    ta-
                                                                                    ble:
                                                                                    str |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    =
                                                                                    None,
                                                                                    cre-
                                                                                    ated_timestamp_column:
                                                                                    str |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    = "",
                                                                                    field_mapping:
                                                                                    Dict[str,
                                                                                    str]
                                                                                    |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    =
                                                                                    None,
                                                                                    query:
                                                                                    str |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    =
                                                                                    None,
                                                                                    de-
                                                                                    scrip-
                                                                                    tion:
                                                                                    str |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    = "",
                                                                                    tags:
                                                                                    Dict[str,
                                                                                    str]
                                                                                    |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    =
                                                                                    None,
                                                                                    owner:
                                                                                    str |
                                                                                    None
                                                                                    =
                                                                                    "")

```

static from_proto(*data_source*: *DataSource*)

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(*config*: *RepoConfig*) → *Iterable*[*Tuple*[*str*, *str*]]

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → *str*

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → *Callable*[[*str*], *ValueType*]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → *DataSource*

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

property trino_options

Returns the Trino options of this data source

validate(*config*: *RepoConfig*)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.7 PostgreSQL Source

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.postgres_offline_store.postgres_source.PostgreSQLSource(name:
    str
    |
    None
    =
    None,
    query:
    str
    |
    None
    =
    None,
    ta-
    ble:
    str
    |
    None
    =
    None,
    times-
    tamp_fie
    str
    |
    None
    =
    ",
    cre-
    ated_tim
    str
    |
    None
    =
    ",
    field_ma
    Dict[str,
    str]
    |
    None
    =
    None,
    de-
    scrip-
    tion:
    str
    |
    None
    =
    ",
    tags:
    Dict[str,
    str]
    |
    None
    =
    None,
    owner:
    str
    |
    None
    =
```

static from_proto(*data_source: DataSource*)

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(*config: RepoConfig*) → *Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]*

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → *str*

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → *Callable[[str], ValueType]*

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → *DataSource*

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(*config: RepoConfig*)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.8 Request Source

class `feast.data_source.RequestSource`(**, name: str, schema: List[Field], description: str | None = "", tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner: str | None = ""*)

RequestSource that can be used to provide input features for on demand transforms

name

Name of the request data source

Type

str

schema

Schema mapping from the input feature name to a ValueType

Type

List[feast.field.Field]

description

A human-readable description.

Type

str

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

`Dict[str, str]`

owner

The owner of the request data source, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

`str`

static from_proto(data_source: DataSource)

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(config: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → str

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → Callable[[str], ValueType]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(config: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.9 Push Source

```
class feast.data_source.PushSource(*, name: str, batch_source: DataSource, description: str | None = "",
                                   tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner: str | None = "")
```

A source that can be used to ingest features on request

static from_proto(data_source: DataSource)

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(*config*: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → str

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → Callable[[str], ValueType]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(*config*: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.10 Kafka Source

```
class feast.data_source.KafkaSource(*, name: str, timestamp_field: str, message_format: StreamFormat,
    bootstrap_servers: str | None = None, kafka_bootstrap_servers: str |
    None = None, topic: str | None = None, created_timestamp_column:
    str | None = "", field_mapping: Dict[str, str] | None = None,
    description: str | None = "", tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner:
    str | None = "", batch_source: DataSource | None = None,
    watermark_delay_threshold: timedelta | None = None)
```

static from_proto(*data_source*: DataSource)

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(*config*: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → str

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → Callable[[str], ValueType]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(*config*: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

3.11 Kinesis Source

```
class feast.data_source.KinesisSource(*, name: str, record_format: StreamFormat, region: str,
                                     stream_name: str, timestamp_field: str | None = "",
                                     created_timestamp_column: str | None = "", field_mapping:
                                     Dict[str, str] | None = None, description: str | None = "", tags:
                                     Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner: str | None = "", batch_source:
                                     DataSource | None = None)
```

static from_proto(*data_source*: DataSource)

Converts data source config in protobuf spec to a DataSource class object.

Parameters

data_source – A protobuf representation of a DataSource.

Returns

A DataSource class object.

Raises

ValueError – The type of DataSource could not be identified.

get_table_column_names_and_types(*config*: RepoConfig) → Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]

Returns the list of column names and raw column types.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

get_table_query_string() → str

Returns a string that can directly be used to reference this table in SQL.

static source_datatype_to_feast_value_type() → Callable[[str], ValueType]

Returns the callable method that returns Feast type given the raw column type.

to_proto() → DataSource

Converts a DataSourceProto object to its protobuf representation.

validate(*config*: RepoConfig)

Validates the underlying data source.

Parameters

config – Configuration object used to configure a feature store.

ENTITY

```
class feast.entity.Entity(*, name: str, join_keys: List[str] | None = None, value_type: ValueType | None = None, description: str = "", tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner: str = "")
```

An entity defines a collection of entities for which features can be defined. An entity can also contain associated metadata.

name

The unique name of the entity.

Type

str

value_type

The type of the entity, such as string or float.

Type

feast.value_type.ValueType

join_key

A property that uniquely identifies different entities within the collection. The join_key property is typically used for joining entities with their associated features. If not specified, defaults to the name.

Type

str

description

A human-readable description.

Type

str

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

Dict[str, str]

owner

The owner of the entity, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

str

created_timestamp

The time when the entity was created.

Type

`datetime.datetime` | None

`last_updated_timestamp`

The time when the entity was last updated.

Type

`datetime.datetime` | None

`classmethod from_proto(entity_proto: Entity)`

Creates an entity from a protobuf representation of an entity.

Parameters

entity_proto – A protobuf representation of an entity.

Returns

An Entity object based on the entity protobuf.

`is_valid()`

Validates the state of this entity locally.

Raises

ValueError – The entity does not have a name or does not have a type.

`to_proto()` → Entity

Converts an entity object to its protobuf representation.

Returns

An EntityProto protobuf.

FEATURE VIEW

```
class feast.base_feature_view.BaseFeatureView(*, name: str, features: List[Field] | None = None,
                                              description: str = "", tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None,
                                              owner: str = "")
```

A BaseFeatureView defines a logical group of features.

name

The unique name of the base feature view.

Type

str

features

The list of features defined as part of this base feature view.

Type

List[*feast.field.Field*]

description

A human-readable description.

Type

str

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

Dict[str, str]

owner

The owner of the base feature view, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

str

projection

The feature view projection storing modifications to be applied to this base feature view at retrieval time.

Type

feast.feature_view_projection.FeatureViewProjection

created_timestamp

The time when the base feature view was created.

Type

datetime.datetime | None

last_updated_timestamp

The time when the base feature view was last updated.

Type

`datetime.datetime` | `None`

ensure_valid()

Validates the state of this feature view locally.

Raises

ValueError – The feature view is invalid.

set_projection(*feature_view_projection: FeatureViewProjection*) → `None`

Sets the feature view projection of this base feature view to the given projection.

Parameters

feature_view_projection – The feature view projection to be set.

Raises

ValueError – The name or features of the projection do not match.

with_name(*name: str*)

Returns a renamed copy of this base feature view. This renamed copy should only be used for query operations and will not modify the underlying base feature view.

Parameters

name – The name to assign to the copy.

with_projection(*feature_view_projection: FeatureViewProjection*)

Returns a copy of this base feature view with the feature view projection set to the given projection.

Parameters

feature_view_projection – The feature view projection to assign to the copy.

Raises

ValueError – The name or features of the projection do not match.

5.1 Feature View

```
class feast.feature_view.FeatureView(*, name: str, source: DataSource, schema: List[Field] | None = None, entities: List[Entity] = None, ttl: timedelta | None = datetime.timedelta(0), online: bool = True, description: str = "", tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner: str = "")
```

A FeatureView defines a logical group of features.

name

The unique name of the feature view.

Type

`str`

entities

The list of names of entities that this feature view is associated with.

Type

`List[str]`

ttl

The amount of time this group of features lives. A ttl of 0 indicates that this group of features lives forever. Note that large ttl's or a ttl of 0 can result in extremely computationally intensive queries.

Type

`datetime.timedelta` | `None`

batch_source

The batch source of data where this group of features is stored. This is optional ONLY if a push source is specified as the stream_source, since push sources contain their own batch sources.

Type

`feast.data_source.DataSource`

stream_source

The stream source of data where this group of features is stored.

Type

`feast.data_source.DataSource` | `None`

schema

The schema of the feature view, including feature, timestamp, and entity columns. If not specified, can be inferred from the underlying data source.

entity_columns

The list of entity columns contained in the schema. If not specified, can be inferred from the underlying data source.

Type

List[`feast.field.Field`]

features

The list of feature columns contained in the schema. If not specified, can be inferred from the underlying data source.

Type

List[`feast.field.Field`]

online

A boolean indicating whether online retrieval is enabled for this feature view.

Type

`bool`

description

A human-readable description.

Type

`str`

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

Dict[`str`, `str`]

owner

The owner of the feature view, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

`str`

ensure_valid()

Validates the state of this feature view locally.

Raises

ValueError – The feature view does not have a name or does not have entities.

classmethod from_proto(*feature_view_proto: FeatureView*)

Creates a feature view from a protobuf representation of a feature view.

Parameters

feature_view_proto – A protobuf representation of a feature view.

Returns

A FeatureViewProto object based on the feature view protobuf.

property join_keys: `List[str]`

Returns a list of all the join keys.

property most_recent_end_time: `datetime | None`

Retrieves the latest time up to which the feature view has been materialized.

Returns

The latest time, or None if the feature view has not been materialized.

to_proto() → *FeatureView*

Converts a feature view object to its protobuf representation.

Returns

A FeatureViewProto protobuf.

with_join_key_map(*join_key_map: Dict[str, str]*)

Returns a copy of this feature view with the join key map set to the given map. This join_key mapping operation is only used as part of query operations and will not modify the underlying FeatureView.

Parameters

join_key_map – A map of join keys in which the left is the join_key that corresponds with the feature data and the right corresponds with the entity data.

Examples

Join a location feature data table to both the origin column and destination column of the entity data.

```
temperatures_feature_service = FeatureService(
    name="temperatures", features=[
        location_stats_feature_view
            .with_name("origin_stats") .with_join_key_map(
                {"location_id": "origin_id"}
            ),
        location_stats_feature_view
            .with_name("destination_stats") .with_join_key_map(
                {"location_id": "destination_id"}
            ),
    ],
)
```


5.2 On Demand Feature View

```
class feast.on_demand_feature_view.OnDemandFeatureView(*, name: str, schema: List[Field], sources:
    List[FeatureView | RequestSource |
    FeatureViewProjection], udf: function,
    udf_string: str = "", description: str = "", tags:
    Dict[str, str] | None = None, owner: str = "")
```

[Experimental] An OnDemandFeatureView defines a logical group of features that are generated by applying a transformation on a set of input sources, such as feature views and request data sources.

name

The unique name of the on demand feature view.

Type

str

features

The list of features in the output of the on demand feature view.

Type

List[*feast.field.Field*]

source_feature_view_projections

A map from input source names to actual input sources with type FeatureViewProjection.

Type

Dict[*str*, *feast.feature_view_projection.FeatureViewProjection*]

source_request_sources

A map from input source names to the actual input sources with type RequestSource.

Type

Dict[*str*, *feast.data_source.RequestSource*]

udf

The user defined transformation function, which must take pandas dataframes as inputs.

Type

function

description

A human-readable description.

Type

str

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

Dict[*str*, *str*]

owner

The owner of the on demand feature view, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

str

classmethod `from_proto(on_demand_feature_view_proto: OnDemandFeatureView)`

Creates an on demand feature view from a protobuf representation.

Parameters

on_demand_feature_view_proto – A protobuf representation of an on-demand feature view.

Returns

A OnDemandFeatureView object based on the on-demand feature view protobuf.

infer_features()

Infers the set of features associated to this feature view from the input source.

Raises

RegistryInferenceFailure – The set of features could not be inferred.

to_proto() → OnDemandFeatureView

Converts an on demand feature view object to its protobuf representation.

Returns

A OnDemandFeatureViewProto protobuf.

5.3 Batch Feature View

```
class feast.batch_feature_view.BatchFeatureView(*, name: str, source: DataSource, entities:
    List[Entity] | List[str] | None = None, ttl: timedelta |
    None = None, tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None,
    online: bool = True, description: str = "", owner: str =
    "", schema: List[Field] | None = None)
```

A batch feature view defines a logical group of features that has only a batch data source.

name

The unique name of the batch feature view.

Type

str

entities

List of entities or entity join keys.

Type

List[str]

ttl

The amount of time this group of features lives. A ttl of 0 indicates that this group of features lives forever. Note that large ttl's or a ttl of 0 can result in extremely computationally intensive queries.

Type

datetime.timedelta | None

schema

The schema of the feature view, including feature, timestamp, and entity columns. If not specified, can be inferred from the underlying data source.

Type

List[feast.field.Field]

source

The batch source of data where this group of features is stored.

Type

feast.data_source.DataSource

online

A boolean indicating whether online retrieval is enabled for this feature view.

Type

bool

description

A human-readable description.

Type

str

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

Dict[str, str]

owner

The owner of the batch feature view, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

str

5.4 Stream Feature View

```
class feast.stream_feature_view.StreamFeatureView(*, name: str, source: DataSource, entities:
    List[Entity] | List[str] | None = None, ttl: timedelta
    = datetime.timedelta(0), tags: Dict[str, str] | None
    = None, online: bool | None = True, description:
    str | None = "", owner: str | None = "", schema:
    List[Field] | None = None, aggregations:
    List[Aggregation] | None = None, mode: str | None
    = 'spark', timestamp_field: str | None = "", udf:
    function | None = None, udf_string: str | None = "")
```

A stream feature view defines a logical group of features that has both a stream data source and a batch data source.

name

The unique name of the stream feature view.

Type

str

entities

List of entities or entity join keys.

Type

List[str]

ttl

The amount of time this group of features lives. A ttl of 0 indicates that this group of features lives forever. Note that large ttl's or a ttl of 0 can result in extremely computationally intensive queries.

Type

`datetime.timedelta` | `None`

schema

The schema of the feature view, including feature, timestamp, and entity columns. If not specified, can be inferred from the underlying data source.

Type

`List[feast.field.Field]`

source

The stream source of data where this group of features is stored.

Type

`feast.data_source.DataSource`

aggregations

List of aggregations registered with the stream feature view.

Type

`List[feast.aggregation.Aggregation]`

mode

The mode of execution.

Type

`str`

timestamp_field

Must be specified if aggregations are specified. Defines the timestamp column on which to aggregate windows.

Type

`str`

online

A boolean indicating whether online retrieval is enabled for this feature view.

Type

`bool`

description

A human-readable description.

Type

`str`

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

`Dict[str, str]`

owner

The owner of the stream feature view, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

str

udf

The user defined transformation function. This transformation function should have all of the corresponding imports imported within the function.

Type

function | None

classmethod from_proto(*sfv_proto*)

Creates a feature view from a protobuf representation of a feature view.

Parameters

feature_view_proto – A protobuf representation of a feature view.

Returns

A FeatureViewProto object based on the feature view protobuf.

to_proto()

Converts a feature view object to its protobuf representation.

Returns

A FeatureViewProto protobuf.

FIELD

```
class feast.field.Field(*, name: str, dtype: ComplexFeastType | PrimitiveFeastType, description: str = "",
                        tags: Dict[str, str] | None = None)
```

A Field represents a set of values with the same structure.

name

The name of the field.

Type

str

dtype

The type of the field, such as string or float.

Type

feast.types.ComplexFeastType | feast.types.PrimitiveFeastType

description

A human-readable description.

Type

str

tags

User-defined metadata in dictionary form.

Type

Dict[str, str]

```
classmethod from_feature(feature: Feature)
```

Creates a Field object from a Feature object.

Parameters

feature – Feature object to convert.

```
classmethod from_proto(field_proto: FeatureSpecV2)
```

Creates a Field object from a protobuf representation.

Parameters

field_proto – FieldProto protobuf object

```
to_proto() → FeatureSpecV2
```

Converts a Field object to its protobuf representation.

FEATURE SERVICE

```
class feast.feature_service.FeatureService(*, name: str, features: List[FeatureView |  
                                         OnDemandFeatureView], tags: Dict[str, str] = None,  
                                         description: str = "", owner: str = "", logging_config:  
                                         LoggingConfig | None = None)
```

A feature service defines a logical group of features from one or more feature views. This group of features can be retrieved together during training or serving.

name

The unique name of the feature service.

Type

str

feature_view_projections

A list containing feature views and feature view projections, representing the features in the feature service.

Type

List[feast.feature_view_projection.FeatureViewProjection]

description

A human-readable description.

Type

str

tags

A dictionary of key-value pairs to store arbitrary metadata.

Type

Dict[str, str]

owner

The owner of the feature service, typically the email of the primary maintainer.

Type

str

created_timestamp

The time when the feature service was created.

Type

datetime.datetime | None

last_updated_timestamp

The time when the feature service was last updated.

Type

`datetime.datetime` | None

classmethod `from_proto`(*feature_service_proto*: *FeatureService*)

Converts a FeatureServiceProto to a FeatureService object.

Parameters

feature_service_proto – A protobuf representation of a FeatureService.

infer_features(*fvs_to_update*: *Dict[str, FeatureView]*)

Infers the features for the projections of this feature service, and updates this feature service in place.

This method is necessary since feature services may rely on feature views which require feature inference.

Parameters

fvs_to_update – A mapping of feature view names to corresponding feature views that contains all the feature views necessary to run inference.

to_proto() → *FeatureService*

Converts a feature service to its protobuf representation.

Returns

A FeatureServiceProto protobuf.

REGISTRY

class `feast.infra.registry.base_registry.BaseRegistry`

The interface that Feast uses to apply, list, retrieve, and delete Feast objects (e.g. entities, feature views, and data sources).

abstract `apply_data_source(data_source: DataSource, project: str, commit: bool = True)`

Registers a single data source with Feast

Parameters

- **data_source** – A data source that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **commit** – Whether to immediately commit to the registry

abstract `apply_entity(entity: Entity, project: str, commit: bool = True)`

Registers a single entity with Feast

Parameters

- **entity** – Entity that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract `apply_feature_service(feature_service: FeatureService, project: str, commit: bool = True)`

Registers a single feature service with Feast

Parameters

- **feature_service** – A feature service that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to

abstract `apply_feature_view(feature_view: BaseFeatureView, project: str, commit: bool = True)`

Registers a single feature view with Feast

Parameters

- **feature_view** – Feature view that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract `apply_materialization(feature_view: FeatureView, project: str, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime, commit: bool = True)`

Updates materialization intervals tracked for a single feature view in Feast

Parameters

- **feature_view** – Feature view that will be updated with an additional materialization interval tracked
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **start_date** (*datetime*) – Start date of the materialization interval to track
- **end_date** (*datetime*) – End date of the materialization interval to track
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract apply_saved_dataset(*saved_dataset: SavedDataset, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Stores a saved dataset metadata with Feast

Parameters

- **saved_dataset** – SavedDataset that will be added / updated to registry
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract apply_validation_reference(*validation_reference: ValidationReference, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Persist a validation reference

Parameters

- **validation_reference** – ValidationReference that will be added / updated to registry
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract commit()

Commits the state of the registry cache to the remote registry store.

abstract delete_data_source(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a data source or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of data source
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract delete_entity(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes an entity or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of entity
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract delete_feature_service(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a feature service or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature service

- **project** – Feast project that this feature service belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract delete_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a feature view or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_saved_dataset(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*)

Delete a saved dataset.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of dataset
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified SavedDataset, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract delete_validation_reference(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a validation reference or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of validation reference
- **project** – Feast project that this object belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

abstract get_data_source(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *DataSource*

Retrieves a data source.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of data source
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this data source from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified data source, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract get_entity(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *Entity*

Retrieves an entity.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of entity
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified entity, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `get_feature_service(name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False) → FeatureService`

Retrieves a feature service.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature service
- **project** – Feast project that this feature service belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this feature service from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature service, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `get_feature_view(name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False) → FeatureView`

Retrieves a feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `get_infra(project: str, allow_cache: bool = False) → Infra`

Retrieves the stored Infra object.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project that the Infra object refers to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

The stored Infra object.

abstract `get_on_demand_feature_view(name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False) → OnDemandFeatureView`

Retrieves an on demand feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of on demand feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this on demand feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this on demand feature view from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified on demand feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `get_request_feature_view(name: str, project: str) → RequestFeatureView`

Retrieves a request feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of request feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `get_saved_dataset(name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False)` → `SavedDataset`

Retrieves a saved dataset.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of dataset
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified `SavedDataset`, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `get_stream_feature_view(name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False)`

Retrieves a stream feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of stream feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `get_validation_reference(name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False)` → `ValidationReference`

Retrieves a validation reference.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of dataset
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified `ValidationReference`, or raises an exception if none is found

abstract `list_data_sources(project: str, allow_cache: bool = False)` → `List[DataSource]`

Retrieve a list of data sources from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter data source based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning data sources from a cached registry

Returns

List of data sources

abstract `list_entities(project: str, allow_cache: bool = False)` → `List[Entity]`

Retrieve a list of entities from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry
- **project** – Filter entities based on project name

Returns

List of entities

abstract list_feature_services(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*FeatureService*]

Retrieve a list of feature services from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry
- **project** – Filter entities based on project name

Returns

List of feature services

abstract list_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*FeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of feature views

abstract list_on_demand_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*OnDemandFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of on demand feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter on demand feature views based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning on demand feature views from a cached registry

Returns

List of on demand feature views

list_project_metadata(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*ProjectMetadata*]

Retrieves project metadata

Parameters

- **project** – Filter metadata based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry

Returns

List of project metadata

abstract list_request_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*RequestFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of request feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of request feature views

abstract list_saved_datasets(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → [List](#)[[SavedDataset](#)]

Retrieves a list of all saved datasets in specified project

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns the list of [SavedDatasets](#)

abstract list_stream_feature_views(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → [List](#)[[StreamFeatureView](#)]

Retrieve a list of stream feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter stream feature views based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning stream feature views from a cached registry

Returns

List of stream feature views

list_validation_references(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → [List](#)[[ValidationReference](#)]

Retrieve a list of validation references from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of request feature views

abstract proto() → [Registry](#)

Retrieves a proto version of the registry.

Returns

The registry proto object.

abstract refresh(*project: str | None = None*)

Refreshes the state of the registry cache by fetching the registry state from the remote registry store.

to_dict(*project: str*) → [Dict](#)[[str](#), [List](#)[[Any](#)]]

Returns a dictionary representation of the registry contents for the specified project.

For each list in the dictionary, the elements are sorted by name, so this method can be used to compare two registries.

Parameters

project – Feast project to convert to a dict

abstract update_infra(*infra: [Infra](#), project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Updates the stored [Infra](#) object.

Parameters

- **infra** – The new [Infra](#) object to be stored.
- **project** – Feast project that the [Infra](#) object refers to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

8.1 Registry

```
class feast.infra.registry.registry.Registry(project: str, registry_config: RegistryConfig | None,  
                                             repo_path: Path | None)
```

```
    apply_data_source(data_source: DataSource, project: str, commit: bool = True)
```

Registers a single data source with Feast

Parameters

- **data_source** – A data source that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **commit** – Whether to immediately commit to the registry

```
    apply_entity(entity: Entity, project: str, commit: bool = True)
```

Registers a single entity with Feast

Parameters

- **entity** – Entity that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

```
    apply_feature_service(feature_service: FeatureService, project: str, commit: bool = True)
```

Registers a single feature service with Feast

Parameters

- **feature_service** – A feature service that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to

```
    apply_feature_view(feature_view: BaseFeatureView, project: str, commit: bool = True)
```

Registers a single feature view with Feast

Parameters

- **feature_view** – Feature view that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

```
    apply_materialization(feature_view: FeatureView, project: str, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime,  
                          commit: bool = True)
```

Updates materialization intervals tracked for a single feature view in Feast

Parameters

- **feature_view** – Feature view that will be updated with an additional materialization interval tracked
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **start_date** (*datetime*) – Start date of the materialization interval to track
- **end_date** (*datetime*) – End date of the materialization interval to track
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

apply_saved_dataset(*saved_dataset: SavedDataset, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Stores a saved dataset metadata with Feast

Parameters

- **saved_dataset** – SavedDataset that will be added / updated to registry
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

apply_validation_reference(*validation_reference: ValidationReference, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Persist a validation reference

Parameters

- **validation_reference** – ValidationReference that will be added / updated to registry
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

commit()

Commits the state of the registry cache to the remote registry store.

delete_data_source(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a data source or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of data source
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_entity(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes an entity or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of entity
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_feature_service(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a feature service or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature service
- **project** – Feast project that this feature service belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a feature view or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to

- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_validation_reference(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a validation reference or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of validation reference
- **project** – Feast project that this object belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

get_data_source(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *DataSource*

Retrieves a data source.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of data source
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this data source from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified data source, or raises an exception if none is found

get_entity(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *Entity*

Retrieves an entity.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of entity
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified entity, or raises an exception if none is found

get_feature_service(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *FeatureService*

Retrieves a feature service.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature service
- **project** – Feast project that this feature service belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this feature service from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature service, or raises an exception if none is found

get_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *FeatureView*

Retrieves a feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_infra(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *Infra*

Retrieves the stored Infra object.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project that the Infra object refers to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

The stored Infra object.

get_on_demand_feature_view(*name*: *str*, *project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *OnDemandFeatureView*

Retrieves an on demand feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of on demand feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this on demand feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this on demand feature view from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified on demand feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_request_feature_view(*name*: *str*, *project*: *str*)

Retrieves a request feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of request feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_saved_dataset(*name*: *str*, *project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *SavedDataset*

Retrieves a saved dataset.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of dataset
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified SavedDataset, or raises an exception if none is found

get_stream_feature_view(*name*: *str*, *project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *StreamFeatureView*

Retrieves a stream feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of stream feature view

- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_validation_reference(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → `ValidationReference`

Retrieves a validation reference.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of dataset
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified `ValidationReference`, or raises an exception if none is found

list_data_sources(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → `List[DataSource]`

Retrieve a list of data sources from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter data source based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning data sources from a cached registry

Returns

List of data sources

list_entities(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → `List[Entity]`

Retrieve a list of entities from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry
- **project** – Filter entities based on project name

Returns

List of entities

list_feature_services(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → `List[FeatureService]`

Retrieve a list of feature services from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry
- **project** – Filter entities based on project name

Returns

List of feature services

list_feature_views(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → `List[FeatureView]`

Retrieve a list of feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of feature views

list_on_demand_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*OnDemandFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of on demand feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter on demand feature views based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning on demand feature views from a cached registry

Returns

List of on demand feature views

list_project_metadata(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*ProjectMetadata*]

Retrieves project metadata

Parameters

- **project** – Filter metadata based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry

Returns

List of project metadata

list_request_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*RequestFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of request feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of request feature views

list_saved_datasets(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*SavedDataset*]

Retrieves a list of all saved datasets in specified project

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns the list of SavedDatasets

list_stream_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*StreamFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of stream feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter stream feature views based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning stream feature views from a cached registry

Returns

List of stream feature views

list_validation_references(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*ValidationReference*]

Retrieve a list of validation references from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of request feature views

proto() → *Registry*

Retrieves a proto version of the registry.

Returns

The registry proto object.

refresh(*project*: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Refreshes the state of the registry cache by fetching the registry state from the remote registry store.

teardown()

Tears down (removes) the registry.

update_infra(*infra*: *Infra*, *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Updates the stored Infra object.

Parameters

- **infra** – The new Infra object to be stored.
- **project** – Feast project that the Infra object refers to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

8.2 SQL Registry

class `feast.infra.registry.sql.SqlRegistry`(*registry_config*: *RegistryConfig* | *SqlRegistryConfig* | *None*,
project: *str*, *repo_path*: *Path* | *None*)

apply_data_source(*data_source*: *DataSource*, *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Registers a single data source with Feast

Parameters

- **data_source** – A data source that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **commit** – Whether to immediately commit to the registry

apply_entity(*entity*: *Entity*, *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Registers a single entity with Feast

Parameters

- **entity** – Entity that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

apply_feature_service(*feature_service*: [FeatureService](#), *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Registers a single feature service with Feast

Parameters

- **feature_service** – A feature service that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to

apply_feature_view(*feature_view*: [BaseFeatureView](#), *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Registers a single feature view with Feast

Parameters

- **feature_view** – Feature view that will be registered
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

apply_materialization(*feature_view*: [FeatureView](#), *project*: *str*, *start_date*: *datetime*, *end_date*: *datetime*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Updates materialization intervals tracked for a single feature view in Feast

Parameters

- **feature_view** – Feature view that will be updated with an additional materialization interval tracked
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **start_date** (*datetime*) – Start date of the materialization interval to track
- **end_date** (*datetime*) – End date of the materialization interval to track
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

apply_saved_dataset(*saved_dataset*: [SavedDataset](#), *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Stores a saved dataset metadata with Feast

Parameters

- **saved_dataset** – [SavedDataset](#) that will be added / updated to registry
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

apply_validation_reference(*validation_reference*: [ValidationReference](#), *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Persist a validation reference

Parameters

- **validation_reference** – [ValidationReference](#) that will be added / updated to registry
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

commit()

Commits the state of the registry cache to the remote registry store.

delete_data_source(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a data source or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of data source
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_entity(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes an entity or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of entity
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_feature_service(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a feature service or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature service
- **project** – Feast project that this feature service belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a feature view or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

delete_validation_reference(*name: str, project: str, commit: bool = True*)

Deletes a validation reference or raises an exception if not found.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of validation reference
- **project** – Feast project that this object belongs to
- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

get_data_source(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *DataSource*

Retrieves a data source.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of data source
- **project** – Feast project that this data source belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this data source from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified data source, or raises an exception if none is found

get_entity(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *Entity*

Retrieves an entity.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of entity
- **project** – Feast project that this entity belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified entity, or raises an exception if none is found

get_feature_service(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *FeatureService*

Retrieves a feature service.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature service
- **project** – Feast project that this feature service belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this feature service from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature service, or raises an exception if none is found

get_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *FeatureView*

Retrieves a feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_infra(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *Infra*

Retrieves the stored Infra object.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project that the Infra object refers to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this entity from a cached registry

Returns

The stored Infra object.

get_on_demand_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → *OnDemandFeatureView*

Retrieves an on demand feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of on demand feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this on demand feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this on demand feature view from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified on demand feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_request_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*)

Retrieves a request feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of request feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_saved_dataset(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → SavedDataset

Retrieves a saved dataset.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of dataset
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified SavedDataset, or raises an exception if none is found

get_stream_feature_view(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*)

Retrieves a stream feature view.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of stream feature view
- **project** – Feast project that this feature view belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature view from the cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified feature view, or raises an exception if none is found

get_validation_reference(*name: str, project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → ValidationReference

Retrieves a validation reference.

Parameters

- **name** – Name of dataset
- **project** – Feast project that this dataset belongs to
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns either the specified ValidationReference, or raises an exception if none is found

list_data_sources(*project: str, allow_cache: bool = False*) → List[DataSource]

Retrieve a list of data sources from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter data source based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning data sources from a cached registry

Returns

List of data sources

list_entities(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*Entity*]

Retrieve a list of entities from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry
- **project** – Filter entities based on project name

Returns

List of entities

list_feature_services(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*FeatureService*]

Retrieve a list of feature services from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning entities from a cached registry
- **project** – Filter entities based on project name

Returns

List of feature services

list_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*FeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of feature views

list_on_demand_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*OnDemandFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of on demand feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter on demand feature views based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning on demand feature views from a cached registry

Returns

List of on demand feature views

list_project_metadata(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*ProjectMetadata*]

Retrieves project metadata

Parameters

- **project** – Filter metadata based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry

Returns

List of project metadata

list_request_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*RequestFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of request feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of request feature views

list_saved_datasets(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*SavedDataset*]

Retrieves a list of all saved datasets in specified project

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning this dataset from a cached registry

Returns

Returns the list of SavedDatasets

list_stream_feature_views(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*StreamFeatureView*]

Retrieve a list of stream feature views from the registry

Parameters

- **project** – Filter stream feature views based on project name
- **allow_cache** – Whether to allow returning stream feature views from a cached registry

Returns

List of stream feature views

list_validation_references(*project*: *str*, *allow_cache*: *bool* = *False*) → *List*[*ValidationReference*]

Retrieve a list of validation references from the registry

Parameters

- **allow_cache** – Allow returning feature views from the cached registry
- **project** – Filter feature views based on project name

Returns

List of request feature views

proto() → *Registry*

Retrieves a proto version of the registry.

Returns

The registry proto object.

refresh(*project*: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Refreshes the state of the registry cache by fetching the registry state from the remote registry store.

update_infra(*infra*: *Infra*, *project*: *str*, *commit*: *bool* = *True*)

Updates the stored Infra object.

Parameters

- **infra** – The new Infra object to be stored.
- **project** – Feast project that the Infra object refers to

- **commit** – Whether the change should be persisted immediately

REGISTRY STORE

class feast.infra.registry.registry_store.**RegistryStore**

A registry store is a storage backend for the Feast registry.

abstract **get_registry_proto()** → Registry

Retrieves the registry proto from the registry path. If there is no file at that path, raises a `FileNotFoundError`.

Returns

Returns either the registry proto stored at the registry path, or an empty registry proto.

abstract **teardown()**

Tear down the registry.

abstract **update_registry_proto**(*registry_proto: Registry*)

Overwrites the current registry proto with the proto passed in. This method writes to the registry path.

Parameters

registry_proto – the new RegistryProto

9.1 File Registry Store

class feast.infra.registry.file.**FileRegistryStore**(*registry_config: RegistryConfig*, *repo_path: Path*)

get_registry_proto()

Retrieves the registry proto from the registry path. If there is no file at that path, raises a `FileNotFoundError`.

Returns

Returns either the registry proto stored at the registry path, or an empty registry proto.

teardown()

Tear down the registry.

update_registry_proto(*registry_proto: Registry*)

Overwrites the current registry proto with the proto passed in. This method writes to the registry path.

Parameters

registry_proto – the new RegistryProto

9.2 GCS Registry Store

```
class feast.infra.registry.gcs.GCSRegistryStore(registry_config: RegistryConfig, repo_path: Path)
```

```
    get_registry_proto()
```

Retrieves the registry proto from the registry path. If there is no file at that path, raises a `FileNotFoundError`.

Returns

Returns either the registry proto stored at the registry path, or an empty registry proto.

```
    teardown()
```

Tear down the registry.

```
    update_registry_proto(registry_proto: Registry)
```

Overwrites the current registry proto with the proto passed in. This method writes to the registry path.

Parameters

registry_proto – the new RegistryProto

9.3 S3 Registry Store

```
class feast.infra.registry.s3.S3RegistryStore(registry_config: RegistryConfig, repo_path: Path)
```

```
    get_registry_proto()
```

Retrieves the registry proto from the registry path. If there is no file at that path, raises a `FileNotFoundError`.

Returns

Returns either the registry proto stored at the registry path, or an empty registry proto.

```
    teardown()
```

Tear down the registry.

```
    update_registry_proto(registry_proto: Registry)
```

Overwrites the current registry proto with the proto passed in. This method writes to the registry path.

Parameters

registry_proto – the new RegistryProto

9.4 PostgreSQL Registry Store

```
class feast.infra.registry.contrib.postgres.postgres_registry_store.PostgreSQLRegistryStore(config:
    PostgresRegistryConfig,
    registry_path: str)
```

get_registry_proto() → Registry

Retrieves the registry proto from the registry path. If there is no file at that path, raises a `FileNotFoundError`.

Returns

Returns either the registry proto stored at the registry path, or an empty registry proto.

teardown()

Tear down the registry.

update_registry_proto(*registry_proto: Registry*)

Overwrites the current registry proto with the proto passed in. This method writes to the registry path.

Parameters

registry_proto – the new RegistryProto

PROVIDER

```
class feast.infra.provider.Provider(config: RepoConfig)
```

A provider defines an implementation of a feature store object. It orchestrates the various components of a feature store, such as the offline store, online store, and materialization engine. It is configured through a RepoConfig object.

```
get_feature_server_endpoint() → str | None
```

Returns endpoint for the feature server, if it exists.

```
abstract get_historical_features(config: RepoConfig, feature_views: List[FeatureView],
                                feature_refs: List[str], entity_df: DataFrame | str, registry:
                                BaseRegistry, project: str, full_feature_names: bool) →
                                RetrievalJob
```

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the features.

```
ingest_df(feature_view: FeatureView, df: DataFrame)
```

Persists a dataframe to the online store.

Parameters

- **feature_view** – The feature view to which the dataframe corresponds.
- **df** – The dataframe to be persisted.

ingest_df_to_offline_store(*feature_view*: [FeatureView](#), *df*: [Table](#))

Persists a dataframe to the offline store.

Parameters

- **feature_view** – The feature view to which the dataframe corresponds.
- **df** – The dataframe to be persisted.

abstract materialize_single_feature_view(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *feature_view*: [FeatureView](#),
start_date: [datetime](#), *end_date*: [datetime](#), *registry*:
[BaseRegistry](#), *project*: [str](#), *tqdm_builder*: [Callable](#)[[[int](#)],
[tqdm](#)]) → [None](#)

Writes latest feature values in the specified time range to the online store.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_view** – The feature view to materialize.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tqdm_builder** – A function to monitor the progress of materialization.

abstract online_read(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *table*: [FeatureView](#), *entity_keys*: [List](#)[[EntityKey](#)],
requested_features: [List](#)[[str](#)] | [None](#) = [None](#)) → [List](#)[[Tuple](#)[[datetime](#) | [None](#),
[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Value](#)] | [None](#)]]

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

abstract online_write_batch(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *table*: [FeatureView](#), *data*: [List](#)[[Tuple](#)[[EntityKey](#),
[Dict](#)[[str](#), [Value](#)], [datetime](#), [datetime](#) | [None](#)]], *progress*: [Callable](#)[[[int](#)],
[Any](#)] | [None](#)) → [None](#)

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.

- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

plan_infra(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *desired_registry_proto*: *Registry*) → *Infra*

Returns the Infra required to support the desired registry.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **desired_registry_proto** – The desired registry, in proto form.

abstract retrieve_feature_service_logs(*feature_service*: [FeatureService](#), *start_date*: *datetime*, *end_date*: *datetime*, *config*: [RepoConfig](#), *registry*: [BaseRegistry](#)) → *RetrievalJob*

Reads logged features for the specified time window.

Parameters

- **feature_service** – The feature service whose logs should be retrieved.
- **start_date** – The start of the window.
- **end_date** – The end of the window.
- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the feature service logs.

abstract retrieve_saved_dataset(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *dataset*: *SavedDataset*) → *RetrievalJob*

Reads a saved dataset.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **dataset** – A SavedDataset object containing all parameters necessary for retrieving the dataset.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the saved dataset.

abstract teardown_infra(*project*: *str*, *tables*: *Sequence*[*FeatureView*], *entities*: *Sequence*[*Entity*])

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

abstract update_infra(*project*: *str*, *tables_to_delete*: *Sequence*[*FeatureView*], *tables_to_keep*: *Sequence*[*FeatureView*], *entities_to_delete*: *Sequence*[*Entity*], *entities_to_keep*: *Sequence*[*Entity*], *partial*: *bool*)

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **partial** – If true, `tables_to_delete` and `tables_to_keep` are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

abstract write_feature_service_logs(*feature_service*: [FeatureService](#), *logs*: *Table* | *Path*, *config*: [RepoConfig](#), *registry*: [BaseRegistry](#))

Writes features and entities logged by a feature server to the offline store.

The schema of the logs table is inferred from the specified feature service. Only feature services with configured logging are accepted.

Parameters

- **feature_service** – The feature service to be logged.
- **logs** – The logs, either as an arrow table or as a path to a parquet directory.
- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

10.1 Passthrough Provider

class `feast.infra.passthrough_provider.PassthroughProvider`(*config*: [RepoConfig](#))

The passthrough provider delegates all operations to the underlying online and offline stores.

get_historical_features(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *feature_views*: *List*[[FeatureView](#)], *feature_refs*: *List*[*str*], *entity_df*: *DataFrame* | *str*, *registry*: [BaseRegistry](#), *project*: *str*, *full_feature_names*: *bool*) → [RetrievalJob](#)

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.

- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the features.

ingest_df(*feature_view*: [FeatureView](#), *df*: [DataFrame](#))

Persists a dataframe to the online store.

Parameters

- **feature_view** – The feature view to which the dataframe corresponds.
- **df** – The dataframe to be persisted.

ingest_df_to_offline_store(*feature_view*: [FeatureView](#), *table*: [Table](#))

Persists a dataframe to the offline store.

Parameters

- **feature_view** – The feature view to which the dataframe corresponds.
- **df** – The dataframe to be persisted.

materialize_single_feature_view(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *feature_view*: [FeatureView](#), *start_date*: [datetime](#), *end_date*: [datetime](#), *registry*: [BaseRegistry](#), *project*: [str](#), *tqdm_builder*: [Callable\[\[int\], tqdm\]](#)) → [None](#)

Writes latest feature values in the specified time range to the online store.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_view** – The feature view to materialize.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tqdm_builder** – A function to monitor the progress of materialization.

online_read(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *table*: [FeatureView](#), *entity_keys*: [List\[EntityKey\]](#), *requested_features*: [List\[str\]](#) = [None](#)) → [List](#)

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

online_write_batch(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *table*: [FeatureView](#), *data*: [List\[Tuple\[EntityKey, Dict\[str, Value\], datetime, datetime | None\]\]](#), *progress*: [Callable\[\[int\], Any\] | None](#)) → [None](#)

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.
- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

retrieve_feature_service_logs(*feature_service*: [FeatureService](#), *start_date*: [datetime](#), *end_date*: [datetime](#), *config*: [RepoConfig](#), *registry*: [BaseRegistry](#)) → [RetrievalJob](#)

Reads logged features for the specified time window.

Parameters

- **feature_service** – The feature service whose logs should be retrieved.
- **start_date** – The start of the window.
- **end_date** – The end of the window.
- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

Returns

A [RetrievalJob](#) that can be executed to get the feature service logs.

retrieve_saved_dataset(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *dataset*: [SavedDataset](#)) → [RetrievalJob](#)

Reads a saved dataset.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **dataset** – A [SavedDataset](#) object containing all parameters necessary for retrieving the dataset.

Returns

A [RetrievalJob](#) that can be executed to get the saved dataset.

teardown_infra(*project*: [str](#), *tables*: [Sequence\[FeatureView\]](#), *entities*: [Sequence\[Entity\]](#)) → [None](#)

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update_infra(*project*: *str*, *tables_to_delete*: *Sequence*[*FeatureView*], *tables_to_keep*: *Sequence*[*FeatureView*], *entities_to_delete*: *Sequence*[*Entity*], *entities_to_keep*: *Sequence*[*Entity*], *partial*: *bool*)

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **partial** – If true, *tables_to_delete* and *tables_to_keep* are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

write_feature_service_logs(*feature_service*: *FeatureService*, *logs*: *Table* | *str*, *config*: *RepoConfig*, *registry*: *BaseRegistry*)

Writes features and entities logged by a feature server to the offline store.

The schema of the logs table is inferred from the specified feature service. Only feature services with configured logging are accepted.

Parameters

- **feature_service** – The feature service to be logged.
- **logs** – The logs, either as an arrow table or as a path to a parquet directory.
- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

10.2 Local Provider

class `feast.infra.local.LocalProvider`(*config*: *RepoConfig*)

This class only exists for backwards compatibility.

plan_infra(*config*: *RepoConfig*, *desired_registry_proto*: *Registry*) → *Infra*

Returns the *Infra* required to support the desired registry.

Parameters

- **config** – The *RepoConfig* for the current *FeatureStore*.
- **desired_registry_proto** – The desired registry, in proto form.

10.3 GCP Provider

class `feast.infra.gcp.GcpProvider`(*config*: `RepoConfig`)

This class only exists for backwards compatibility.

10.4 AWS Provider

class `feast.infra.aws.AwsProvider`(*config*: `RepoConfig`)

get_feature_server_endpoint() → `str` | `None`

Returns endpoint for the feature server, if it exists.

teardown_infra(*project*: `str`, *tables*: `Sequence[FeatureView]`, *entities*: `Sequence[Entity]`) → `None`

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update_infra(*project*: `str`, *tables_to_delete*: `Sequence[FeatureView]`, *tables_to_keep*: `Sequence[FeatureView]`, *entities_to_delete*: `Sequence[Entity]`, *entities_to_keep*: `Sequence[Entity]`, *partial*: `bool`)

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **partial** – If true, `tables_to_delete` and `tables_to_keep` are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

OFFLINE STORE

class `feast.infra.offline_stores.offline_store.OfflineStore`

An offline store defines the interface that Feast uses to interact with the storage and compute system that handles offline features.

Each offline store implementation is designed to work only with the corresponding data source. For example, the `SnowflakeOfflineStore` can handle `SnowflakeSources` but not `FileSources`.

abstract static `get_historical_features`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *feature_views*: `List[FeatureView]`,
feature_refs: `List[str]`, *entity_df*: `DataFrame | str`,
registry: `BaseRegistry`, *project*: `str`, *full_feature_names*:
bool = `False`) → `RetrievalJob`

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A `RetrievalJob` that can be executed to get the features.

static `offline_write_batch`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *feature_view*: `FeatureView`, *table*: `Table`, *progress*:
`Callable[[int], Any] | None`)

Writes the specified arrow table to the data source underlying the specified feature view.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_view** – The feature view whose batch source should be written.
- **table** – The arrow table to write.

- **progress** – Function to be called once a portion of the data has been written, used to show progress.

```
abstract static pull_all_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
                                           join_key_columns: List[str],  
                                           feature_name_columns: List[str], timestamp_field:  
                                           str, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) →  
                                           RetrievalJob
```

Extracts all the entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
abstract static pull_latest_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
                                              join_key_columns: List[str],  
                                              feature_name_columns: List[str],  
                                              timestamp_field: str,  
                                              created_timestamp_column: str | None,  
                                              start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) →  
                                              RetrievalJob
```

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.

- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

static write_logged_features(*config*: RepoConfig, *data*: Table | Path, *source*: LoggingSource, *logging_config*: LoggingConfig, *registry*: BaseRegistry)

Writes logged features to a specified destination in the offline store.

If the specified destination exists, data will be appended; otherwise, the destination will be created and data will be added. Thus this function can be called repeatedly with the same destination to flush logs in chunks.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data** – An arrow table or a path to parquet directory that contains the logs to write.
- **source** – The logging source that provides a schema and some additional metadata.
- **logging_config** – A LoggingConfig object that determines where the logs will be written.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

class feast.infra.offline_stores.offline_store.RetrievalJob

A RetrievalJob manages the execution of a query to retrieve data from the offline store.

abstract property full_feature_names: bool

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

abstract property metadata: RetrievalMetadata | None

Returns metadata about the retrieval job.

abstract property on_demand_feature_views: List[OnDemandFeatureView]

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

abstract persist(*storage*: SavedDatasetStorage, *allow_overwrite*: bool = False, *timeout*: int | None = None)

Synchronously executes the underlying query and persists the result in the same offline store at the specified destination.

Parameters

- **storage** – The saved dataset storage object specifying where the result should be persisted.
- **allow_overwrite** – If True, a pre-existing location (e.g. table or file) can be overwritten. Currently not all individual offline store implementations make use of this parameter.

supports_remote_storage_export() → bool

Returns True if the RetrievalJob supports *to_remote_storage*.

to_arrow(*validation_reference*: ValidationReference | None = None, *timeout*: int | None = None) → Table

Synchronously executes the underlying query and returns the result as an arrow table.

On demand transformations will be executed. If a validation reference is provided, the dataframe will be validated.

Parameters

- **validation_reference** (*optional*) – The validation to apply against the retrieved dataframe.

- **timeout** (*optional*) – The query timeout if applicable.

to_df(*validation_reference*: *ValidationReference* | *None* = *None*, *timeout*: *int* | *None* = *None*) → *DataFrame*
Synchronously executes the underlying query and returns the result as a pandas dataframe.

On demand transformations will be executed. If a validation reference is provided, the dataframe will be validated.

Parameters

- **validation_reference** (*optional*) – The validation to apply against the retrieved dataframe.
- **timeout** (*optional*) – The query timeout if applicable.

to_remote_storage() → *List*[*str*]

Synchronously executes the underlying query and exports the results to remote storage (e.g. S3 or GCS).

Implementations of this method should export the results as multiple parquet files, each file sized appropriately depending on how much data is being returned by the retrieval job.

Returns

A list of parquet file paths in remote storage.

to_sql() → *str*

Return RetrievalJob generated SQL statement if applicable.

11.1 File Offline Store

class `feast.infra.offline_stores.file.FileOfflineStore`

static **get_historical_features**(*config*: *RepoConfig*, *feature_views*: *List*[*FeatureView*], *feature_refs*: *List*[*str*], *entity_df*: *DataFrame* | *str*, *registry*: *BaseRegistry*, *project*: *str*, *full_feature_names*: *bool* = *False*) → *RetrievalJob*

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the features.

static offline_write_batch(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *feature_view*: [FeatureView](#), *table*: *Table*, *progress*: *Callable[[int], Any] | None*)

Writes the specified arrow table to the data source underlying the specified feature view.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_view** – The feature view whose batch source should be written.
- **table** – The arrow table to write.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a portion of the data has been written, used to show progress.

static pull_all_from_table_or_query(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *data_source*: [DataSource](#), *join_key_columns*: *List[str]*, *feature_name_columns*: *List[str]*, *timestamp_field*: *str*, *start_date*: *datetime*, *end_date*: *datetime*) → *RetrievalJob*

Extracts all the entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A *RetrievalJob* that can be executed to get the entity rows.

static pull_latest_from_table_or_query(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *data_source*: [DataSource](#), *join_key_columns*: *List[str]*, *feature_name_columns*: *List[str]*, *timestamp_field*: *str*, *created_timestamp_column*: *str | None*, *start_date*: *datetime*, *end_date*: *datetime*) → *RetrievalJob*

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.

- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
static write_logged_features(config: RepoConfig, data: Table | Path, source: LoggingSource,  
                             logging_config: LoggingConfig, registry: BaseRegistry)
```

Writes logged features to a specified destination in the offline store.

If the specified destination exists, data will be appended; otherwise, the destination will be created and data will be added. Thus this function can be called repeatedly with the same destination to flush logs in chunks.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data** – An arrow table or a path to parquet directory that contains the logs to write.
- **source** – The logging source that provides a schema and some additional metadata.
- **logging_config** – A LoggingConfig object that determines where the logs will be written.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.file.FileOfflineStoreConfig(*, type:  
                                                            typing_extensions.Literal[file] =  
                                                            'file')
```

Offline store config for local (file-based) store

```
type: typing_extensions.Literal[file]
```

Offline store type selector

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.file.FileRetrievalJob(evaluation_function: Callable,  
                                                       full_feature_names: bool,  
                                                       on_demand_feature_views:  
List[OnDemandFeatureView] | None =  
None, metadata: RetrievalMetadata | None  
= None)
```

```
property full_feature_names: bool
```

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

```
property metadata: RetrievalMetadata | None
```

Returns metadata about the retrieval job.

```
property on_demand_feature_views: List[OnDemandFeatureView]
```

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

```
persist(storage: SavedDatasetStorage, allow_overwrite: bool | None = False, timeout: int | None = None)
```

Synchronously executes the underlying query and persists the result in the same offline store at the specified destination.

Parameters

- **storage** – The saved dataset storage object specifying where the result should be persisted.
- **allow_overwrite** – If True, a pre-existing location (e.g. table or file) can be overwritten. Currently not all individual offline store implementations make use of this parameter.

supports_remote_storage_export() → *bool*

Returns True if the RetrievalJob supports *to_remote_storage*.

11.2 Snowflake Offline Store

class `feast.infra.offline_stores.snowflake.SnowflakeOfflineStore`

static `get_historical_features`(*config*: *RepoConfig*, *feature_views*: *List[FeatureView]*, *feature_refs*: *List[str]*, *entity_df*: *DataFrame | str*, *registry*: *BaseRegistry*, *project*: *str*, *full_feature_names*: *bool = False*) → *RetrievalJob*

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the features.

static `offline_write_batch`(*config*: *RepoConfig*, *feature_view*: *FeatureView*, *table*: *Table*, *progress*: *Callable[[int], Any] | None*)

Writes the specified arrow table to the data source underlying the specified feature view.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_view** – The feature view whose batch source should be written.
- **table** – The arrow table to write.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a portion of the data has been written, used to show progress.

static `pull_all_from_table_or_query`(*config*: *RepoConfig*, *data_source*: *DataSource*, *join_key_columns*: *List[str]*, *feature_name_columns*: *List[str]*, *timestamp_field*: *str*, *start_date*: *datetime*, *end_date*: *datetime*) → *RetrievalJob*

Extracts all the entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
static pull_latest_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
                                     join_key_columns: List[str], feature_name_columns:  
                                     List[str], timestamp_field: str, created_timestamp_column:  
                                     str | None, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) →  
                                     RetrievalJob
```

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
static write_logged_features(config: RepoConfig, data: Table | Path, source: LoggingSource,  
                           logging_config: LoggingConfig, registry: BaseRegistry)
```

Writes logged features to a specified destination in the offline store.

If the specified destination exists, data will be appended; otherwise, the destination will be created and data will be added. Thus this function can be called repeatedly with the same destination to flush logs in chunks.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data** – An arrow table or a path to parquet directory that contains the logs to write.
- **source** – The logging source that provides a schema and some additional metadata.
- **logging_config** – A LoggingConfig object that determines where the logs will be written.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.snowflake.SnowflakeOfflineStoreConfig(*, type: typing_extensions.Literal[snowflake.offline]
    = 'snowflake.offline',
    config_path: str | None
    =
    '/home/docs/.snowsql/config',
    account: str | None =
    None, user: str | None
    = None, password: str |
    None = None, role: str |
    None = None,
    warehouse: str | None
    = None, authenticator:
    str | None = None,
    database: StrictStr,
    schema: str | None =
    'PUBLIC', storage_
    age_integration_name:
    str | None = None,
    blob_export_location:
    str | None = None, con-
    vert_timestamp_columns:
    bool | None = None)
```

Offline store config for Snowflake

account: str | None

Snowflake deployment identifier – drop .snowflakecomputing.com

authenticator: str | None

Snowflake authenticator name

blob_export_location: str | None

Location (in S3, Google storage or Azure storage) where data is offloaded

config_path: str | None

Snowflake config path – absolute path required (Cant use ~)

convert_timestamp_columns: bool | None

Convert timestamp columns on export to a Parquet-supported format

database: StrictStr

Snowflake database name

password: `str | None`

Snowflake password

role: `str | None`

Snowflake role name

schema_: `str | None`

Snowflake schema name

storage_integration_name: `str | None`

Storage integration name in snowflake

type: `typing_extensions.Literal[snowflake.offline]`

Offline store type selector

user: `str | None`

Snowflake user name

warehouse: `str | None`

Snowflake warehouse name

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.snowflake.SnowflakeRetrievalJob(query: str | Callable[[],
                                                                AbstractContextManager[str]],
                                                                snowflake_conn:
                                                                SnowflakeConnection, config:
                                                                RepoConfig,
                                                                full_feature_names: bool,
                                                                on_demand_feature_views:
                                                                List[OnDemandFeatureView] |
                                                                None = None, metadata:
                                                                RetrievalMetadata | None =
                                                                None)
```

property full_feature_names: `bool`

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

property metadata: `RetrievalMetadata | None`

Returns metadata about the retrieval job.

property on_demand_feature_views: `List[OnDemandFeatureView]`

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

persist(storage: *SavedDatasetStorage*, allow_overwrite: *bool* = *False*, timeout: *int* | *None* = *None*)

Synchronously executes the underlying query and persists the result in the same offline store at the specified destination.

Parameters

- **storage** – The saved dataset storage object specifying where the result should be persisted.
- **allow_overwrite** – If True, a pre-existing location (e.g. table or file) can be overwritten. Currently not all individual offline store implementations make use of this parameter.

supports_remote_storage_export() → `bool`

Returns True if the RetrievalJob supports *to_remote_storage*.

to_remote_storage() → List[str]

Synchronously executes the underlying query and exports the results to remote storage (e.g. S3 or GCS).

Implementations of this method should export the results as multiple parquet files, each file sized appropriately depending on how much data is being returned by the retrieval job.

Returns

A list of parquet file paths in remote storage.

to_snowflake(*table_name*: str, *allow_overwrite*: bool = False, *temporary*: bool = False) → None

Save dataset as a new Snowflake table

to_spark_df(*spark_session*: SparkSession) → DataFrame

Method to convert snowflake query results to pyspark data frame.

Parameters

spark_session – spark Session variable of current environment.

Returns

A pyspark dataframe.

Return type

spark_df

to_sql() → str

Returns the SQL query that will be executed in Snowflake to build the historical feature table.

11.3 BigQuery Offline Store

class feast.infra.offline_stores.bigquery.BigQueryOfflineStore

static get_historical_features(*config*: RepoConfig, *feature_views*: List[FeatureView], *feature_refs*: List[str], *entity_df*: DataFrame | str, *registry*: BaseRegistry, *project*: str, *full_feature_names*: bool = False) → RetrievalJob

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the features.

```
static offline_write_batch(config: RepoConfig, feature_view: FeatureView, table: Table, progress:  
Callable[[int], Any] | None)
```

Writes the specified arrow table to the data source underlying the specified feature view.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_view** – The feature view whose batch source should be written.
- **table** – The arrow table to write.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a portion of the data has been written, used to show progress.

```
static pull_all_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
    join_key_columns: List[str], feature_name_columns: List[str],  
    timestamp_field: str, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) → RetrievalJob
```

Extracts all the entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
static pull_latest_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
    join_key_columns: List[str], feature_name_columns:  
    List[str], timestamp_field: str, created_timestamp_column:  
    str | None, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) →  
    RetrievalJob
```

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.

- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

static write_logged_features(*config*: RepoConfig, *data*: Table | Path, *source*: LoggingSource, *logging_config*: LoggingConfig, *registry*: BaseRegistry)

Writes logged features to a specified destination in the offline store.

If the specified destination exists, data will be appended; otherwise, the destination will be created and data will be added. Thus this function can be called repeatedly with the same destination to flush logs in chunks.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data** – An arrow table or a path to parquet directory that contains the logs to write.
- **source** – The logging source that provides a schema and some additional metadata.
- **logging_config** – A LoggingConfig object that determines where the logs will be written.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.bigquery.BigQueryOfflineStoreConfig(*, type: typing_extensions.Literal[bigquery]
    = 'bigquery', dataset:
    StrictStr = 'feast',
    project_id: StrictStr |
    None = None,
    billing_project_id:
    StrictStr | None = None,
    location: StrictStr | None
    = None,
    gcs_staging_location: str
    | None = None,
    table_create_disposition:
    BigQueryTableCreateDis-
    position | None =
    None)
```

Offline store config for GCP BigQuery

billing_project_id: StrictStr | None

(optional) GCP project name used to run the bigquery jobs at

dataset: StrictStr

(optional) BigQuery Dataset name for temporary tables

gcs_staging_location: str | None

(optional) GCS location used for offloading BigQuery results as parquet files.

location: `StrictStr | None`

(optional) GCP location name used for the BigQuery offline store. Examples of location names include US, EU, us-central1, us-west4. If a location is not specified, the location defaults to the US multi-regional location. For more information on BigQuery data locations see: <https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/docs/locations>

project_id: `StrictStr | None`

(optional) GCP project name used for the BigQuery offline store

table_create_disposition: `BigQueryTableCreateDisposition | None`

(optional) Specifies whether the job is allowed to create new tables. The default value is CREATE_IF_NEEDED.

type: `typing_extensions.Literal[bigquery]`

Offline store type selector

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.bigquery.BigQueryRetrievalJob(query: str | Callable[[  
    AbstractContextManager[str]],  
    client: Client, config:  
    RepoConfig, full_feature_names:  
    bool, on_demand_feature_views:  
    List[OnDemandFeatureView] |  
    None = None, metadata:  
    RetrievalMetadata | None =  
    None)
```

property full_feature_names: `bool`

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

property metadata: `RetrievalMetadata | None`

Returns metadata about the retrieval job.

property on_demand_feature_views: `List[OnDemandFeatureView]`

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

persist(storage: `SavedDatasetStorage`, allow_overwrite: `bool | None = False`, timeout: `int | None = None`)

Synchronously executes the underlying query and persists the result in the same offline store at the specified destination.

Parameters

- **storage** – The saved dataset storage object specifying where the result should be persisted.
- **allow_overwrite** – If True, a pre-existing location (e.g. table or file) can be overwritten. Currently not all individual offline store implementations make use of this parameter.

supports_remote_storage_export() → `bool`

Returns True if the RetrievalJob supports `to_remote_storage`.

to_bigquery(job_config: `QueryJobConfig | None = None`, timeout: `int | None = 1800`, retry_cadence: `int | None = 10`) → `str`

Synchronously executes the underlying query and exports the result to a BigQuery table. The underlying BigQuery job runs for a limited amount of time (the default is 30 minutes).

Parameters

- **job_config** (optional) – A `bigquery.QueryJobConfig` to specify options like the destination table, dry run, etc.

- **timeout** (*optional*) – The time limit of the BigQuery job in seconds. Defaults to 30 minutes.
- **retry_cadence** (*optional*) – The number of seconds for setting how long the job should be checked for completion.

Returns

Returns the destination table name or None if `job_config.dry_run` is True.

to_remote_storage() → `List[str]`

Synchronously executes the underlying query and exports the results to remote storage (e.g. S3 or GCS).

Implementations of this method should export the results as multiple parquet files, each file sized appropriately depending on how much data is being returned by the retrieval job.

Returns

A list of parquet file paths in remote storage.

to_sql() → `str`

Returns the underlying SQL query.

11.4 Redshift Offline Store

class `feast.infra.offline_stores.redshift.RedshiftOfflineStore`

static `get_historical_features`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *feature_views*: `List[FeatureView]`, *feature_refs*: `List[str]`, *entity_df*: `DataFrame | str`, *registry*: `BaseRegistry`, *project*: `str`, *full_feature_names*: `bool = False`) → `RetrievalJob`

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A `RetrievalJob` that can be executed to get the features.

static `offline_write_batch`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *feature_view*: `FeatureView`, *table*: `Table`, *progress*: `Callable[[int], Any] | None`)

Writes the specified arrow table to the data source underlying the specified feature view.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.

- **feature_view** – The feature view whose batch source should be written.
- **table** – The arrow table to write.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a portion of the data has been written, used to show progress.

```
static pull_all_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
                                  join_key_columns: List[str], feature_name_columns: List[str],  
                                  timestamp_field: str, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime)  
    → RetrievalJob
```

Extracts all the entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
static pull_latest_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
                                       join_key_columns: List[str], feature_name_columns:  
                                       List[str], timestamp_field: str, created_timestamp_column:  
                                       str | None, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) →  
                                       RetrievalJob
```

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.

- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

static write_logged_features(*config*: RepoConfig, *data*: Table | Path, *source*: LoggingSource, *logging_config*: LoggingConfig, *registry*: BaseRegistry)

Writes logged features to a specified destination in the offline store.

If the specified destination exists, data will be appended; otherwise, the destination will be created and data will be added. Thus this function can be called repeatedly with the same destination to flush logs in chunks.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data** – An arrow table or a path to parquet directory that contains the logs to write.
- **source** – The logging source that provides a schema and some additional metadata.
- **logging_config** – A LoggingConfig object that determines where the logs will be written.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.redshift.RedshiftOfflineStoreConfig(*, type: typing_extensions.Literal[redshift]
                                                                    = 'redshift', cluster_id:
                                                                    StrictStr | None = None,
                                                                    user: StrictStr | None =
                                                                    None, workgroup:
                                                                    StrictStr | None = None,
                                                                    region: StrictStr,
                                                                    database: StrictStr,
                                                                    s3_staging_location:
                                                                    StrictStr, iam_role:
                                                                    StrictStr)
```

Offline store config for AWS Redshift

cluster_id: StrictStr | None

Redshift cluster identifier, for provisioned clusters

database: StrictStr

Redshift database name

iam_role: StrictStr

IAM Role for Redshift, granting it access to S3

region: StrictStr

Redshift cluster's AWS region

classmethod require_cluster_and_user_or_workgroup(*values*)

Provisioned Redshift clusters: Require cluster_id and user, ignore workgroup Serverless Redshift: Require workgroup, ignore cluster_id and user

s3_staging_location: StrictStr

S3 path for importing & exporting data to Redshift

type: typing_extensions.Literal[redshift]

Offline store type selector

user: `StrictStr | None`

Redshift user name, only required for provisioned clusters

workgroup: `StrictStr | None`

Redshift workgroup identifier, for serverless

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.redshift.RedshiftRetrievalJob(query: str | Callable[[  
    AbstractContextManager[str]],  
    redshift_client, s3_resource,  
    config: RepoConfig,  
    full_feature_names: bool,  
    on_demand_feature_views:  
    List[OnDemandFeatureView] |  
    None = None, metadata:  
    RetrievalMetadata | None =  
    None)
```

property full_feature_names: `bool`

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

property metadata: `RetrievalMetadata | None`

Returns metadata about the retrieval job.

property on_demand_feature_views: `List[OnDemandFeatureView]`

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

persist(storage: `SavedDatasetStorage`, allow_overwrite: `bool | None = False`, timeout: `int | None = None`)

Synchronously executes the underlying query and persists the result in the same offline store at the specified destination.

Parameters

- **storage** – The saved dataset storage object specifying where the result should be persisted.
- **allow_overwrite** – If True, a pre-existing location (e.g. table or file) can be overwritten. Currently not all individual offline store implementations make use of this parameter.

supports_remote_storage_export() → `bool`

Returns True if the RetrievalJob supports `to_remote_storage`.

to_redshift(table_name: `str`) → `None`

Save dataset as a new Redshift table

to_remote_storage() → `List[str]`

Synchronously executes the underlying query and exports the results to remote storage (e.g. S3 or GCS).

Implementations of this method should export the results as multiple parquet files, each file sized appropriately depending on how much data is being returned by the retrieval job.

Returns

A list of parquet file paths in remote storage.

to_s3() → `str`

Export dataset to S3 in Parquet format and return path

11.5 Spark Offline Store

class `feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.spark_offline_store.spark.SparkOfflineStore`

static `get_historical_features`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *feature_views*: `List[FeatureView]`, *feature_refs*: `List[str]`, *entity_df*: `DataFrame | str`, *registry*: `Registry`, *project*: `str`, *full_feature_names*: `bool = False`) \rightarrow `RetrievalJob`

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A `RetrievalJob` that can be executed to get the features.

static `offline_write_batch`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *feature_view*: `FeatureView`, *table*: `Table`, *progress*: `Callable[[int], Any] | None`)

Writes the specified arrow table to the data source underlying the specified feature view.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_view** – The feature view whose batch source should be written.
- **table** – The arrow table to write.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a portion of the data has been written, used to show progress.

static `pull_all_from_table_or_query`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *data_source*: `DataSource`, *join_key_columns*: `List[str]`, *feature_name_columns*: `List[str]`, *timestamp_field*: `str`, *start_date*: `datetime`, *end_date*: `datetime`) \rightarrow `RetrievalJob`

Note that `join_key_columns`, `feature_name_columns`, `timestamp_field`, and `created_timestamp_column` have all already been mapped to column names of the source table and those column names are the values passed into this function.

static `pull_latest_from_table_or_query`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *data_source*: `DataSource`, *join_key_columns*: `List[str]`, *feature_name_columns*: `List[str]`, *timestamp_field*: `str`, *created_timestamp_column*: `str | None`, *start_date*: `datetime`, *end_date*: `datetime`) \rightarrow `RetrievalJob`

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.spark_offline_store.spark.SparkOfflineStoreConfig(*,
                                                                                        type:
                                                                                        Strict-
                                                                                        Str
                                                                                        =
                                                                                        'spark',
                                                                                        spark_conf:
                                                                                        Dict[str,
                                                                                        str]
                                                                                        |
                                                                                        None
                                                                                        =
                                                                                        None,
                                                                                        stag-
                                                                                        ing_location:
                                                                                        Strict-
                                                                                        Str
                                                                                        |
                                                                                        None
                                                                                        =
                                                                                        None,
                                                                                        re-
                                                                                        gion:
                                                                                        Strict-
                                                                                        Str
                                                                                        |
                                                                                        None
                                                                                        =
                                                                                        None)
```


region: `StrictStr | None`

AWS Region if applicable for s3-based staging locations

spark_conf: `Dict[str, str] | None`

Configuration overlay for the spark session

staging_location: `StrictStr | None`

Remote path for batch materialization jobs

type: `StrictStr`

Offline store type selector

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.spark_offline_store.spark.SparkRetrievalJob(spark_session:
    Spark-
    Ses-
    sion,
    query:
    str,
    full_feature_names:
    bool,
    con-
    fig:
    Re-
    poCon-
    fig,
    on_demand_feature_views:
    List[OnDemandFeatureView]
    |
    None
    =
    None,
    meta-
    data:
    Re-
    trieval-
    Meta-
    data |
    None
    =
    None)
```

property full_feature_names: `bool`

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

property metadata: `RetrievalMetadata | None`

Return metadata information about retrieval. Should be available even before materializing the dataset itself.

property on_demand_feature_views: `List[OnDemandFeatureView]`

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

persist(storage: `SavedDatasetStorage`, allow_overwrite: `bool | None = False`, timeout: `int | None = None`)

Run the retrieval and persist the results in the same offline store used for read. Please note the persisting is done only within the scope of the spark session for local warehouse directory.

supports_remote_storage_export() → bool

Returns True if the RetrievalJob supports *to_remote_storage*.

to_remote_storage() → List[str]

Currently only works for local and s3-based staging locations

11.6 Trino Offline Store

class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.trino_offline_store.trino.TrinoOfflineStore

static **get_historical_features**(*config*: RepoConfig, *feature_views*: List[FeatureView], *feature_refs*: List[str], *entity_df*: DataFrame | str, *registry*: Registry, *project*: str, *full_feature_names*: bool = False) → TrinoRetrievalJob

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the features.

static **pull_all_from_table_or_query**(*config*: RepoConfig, *data_source*: DataSource, *join_key_columns*: List[str], *feature_name_columns*: List[str], *timestamp_field*: str, *start_date*: datetime, *end_date*: datetime) → RetrievalJob

Extracts all the entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.

- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
static pull_latest_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,
                                       join_key_columns: List[str], feature_name_columns:
                                       List[str], timestamp_field: str, created_timestamp_column:
                                       str | None, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) →
                                       TrinoRetrievalJob
```

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.trino_offline_store.trino.TrinoOfflineStoreConfig(*,
                                                                                          type:
                                                                                          Strict-
                                                                                          Str
                                                                                          =
                                                                                          'trino',
                                                                                          host:
                                                                                          Strict-
                                                                                          Str,
                                                                                          port:
                                                                                          int,
                                                                                          catalog:
                                                                                          Strict-
                                                                                          Str,
                                                                                          user:
                                                                                          Strict-
                                                                                          Str,
                                                                                          source:
                                                                                          Strict-
                                                                                          Str
                                                                                          |
                                                                                          None
                                                                                          =
                                                                                          'trino-
                                                                                          python-
                                                                                          client',
                                                                                          connector:
                                                                                          Dict[str,
                                                                                          str],
                                                                                          dataset:
                                                                                          Strict-
                                                                                          Str
                                                                                          =
                                                                                          'feast',
                                                                                          auth:
                                                                                          Auth-
                                                                                          Config
                                                                                          |
                                                                                          None
                                                                                          =
                                                                                          None,
                                                                                          **extra_data:
                                                                                          Any)
```

Online store config for Trino

auth: `AuthConfig` | `None`

(optional) Authentication mechanism to use when connecting to Trino. Supported options are: - kerberos

- basic - jwt - oauth2 - certificate

catalog: `StrictStr`

Catalog of the Trino cluster

connector: `Dict[str, str]`

Trino connector to use as well as potential extra parameters. Needs to contain at least the path, for example {"type": "bigquery"} or {"type": "hive", "file_format": "parquet"}

dataset: `StrictStr`

(optional) Trino Dataset name for temporary tables

extra_credential: `StrictStr | None`

Specifies the HTTP header X-Trino-Extra-Credential, e.g. user1=pwd1, user2=pwd2

host: `StrictStr`

Host of the Trino cluster

http_scheme: `Literal['http', 'https']`

HTTP scheme that should be used while establishing a connection to the Trino cluster

port: `int`

Port of the Trino cluster

source: `StrictStr | None`

ID of the feast's Trino Python client, useful for debugging

type: `StrictStr`

Offline store type selector

user: `StrictStr`

User of the Trino cluster

verify: `StrictBool`

Whether the SSL certificate emitted by the Trino cluster should be verified or not

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.trino_offline_store.trino.TrinoRetrievalJob(query:
                                                                    str,
                                                                    client:
                                                                    Trino,
                                                                    con-
                                                                    fig:
                                                                    Re-
                                                                    poCon-
                                                                    fig,
                                                                    full_feature_names:
                                                                    bool,
                                                                    on_demand_feature_vie
                                                                    List[OnDemandFeatureView]
                                                                    |
                                                                    None
                                                                    =
                                                                    None,
                                                                    meta-
                                                                    data:
                                                                    Re-
                                                                    trieval-
                                                                    Meta-
                                                                    data |
                                                                    None
                                                                    =
                                                                    None)
```

property full_feature_names: `bool`

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

property metadata: `RetrievalMetadata | None`

Return metadata information about retrieval. Should be available even before materializing the dataset itself.

property on_demand_feature_views: `List[OnDemandFeatureView]`

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

persist(*storage*: `SavedDatasetStorage`, *allow_overwrite*: `bool | None = False`, *timeout*: `int | None = None`)

Run the retrieval and persist the results in the same offline store used for read.

to_sql() \rightarrow `str`

Returns the SQL query that will be executed in Trino to build the historical feature table

to_trino(*destination_table*: `str | None = None`, *timeout*: `int = 1800`, *retry_cadence*: `int = 10`) \rightarrow `str | None`

Triggers the execution of a historical feature retrieval query and exports the results to a Trino table. Runs for a maximum amount of time specified by the timeout parameter (defaulting to 30 minutes). :param timeout: An optional number of seconds for setting the time limit of the QueryJob. :param retry_cadence: An optional number of seconds for setting how long the job should be checked for completion.

Returns

Returns the destination table name.

11.7 PostgreSQL Offline Store

class

`feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.postgres_offline_store.postgres.PostgreSQLOfflineStore`

static get_historical_features(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *feature_views*: [List\[FeatureView\]](#), *feature_refs*: [List\[str\]](#), *entity_df*: [DataFrame](#) | *str*, *registry*: [Registry](#), *project*: *str*, *full_feature_names*: *bool* = *False*) → [RetrievalJob](#)

Retrieves the point-in-time correct historical feature values for the specified entity rows.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **feature_views** – A list containing all feature views that are referenced in the entity rows.
- **feature_refs** – The features to be retrieved.
- **entity_df** – A collection of rows containing all entity columns on which features need to be joined, as well as the timestamp column used for point-in-time joins. Either a pandas dataframe can be provided or a SQL query.
- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **project** – Feast project to which the feature views belong.
- **full_feature_names** – If True, feature names will be prefixed with the corresponding feature view name, changing them from the format “feature” to “feature_view__feature” (e.g. “daily_transactions” changes to “customer_fv__daily_transactions”).

Returns

A [RetrievalJob](#) that can be executed to get the features.

static pull_all_from_table_or_query(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *data_source*: [DataSource](#), *join_key_columns*: [List\[str\]](#), *feature_name_columns*: [List\[str\]](#), *timestamp_field*: *str*, *start_date*: [datetime](#), *end_date*: [datetime](#)) → [RetrievalJob](#)

Extracts all the entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A [RetrievalJob](#) that can be executed to get the entity rows.

```
static pull_latest_from_table_or_query(config: RepoConfig, data_source: DataSource,  
                                       join_key_columns: List[str], feature_name_columns:  
                                       List[str], timestamp_field: str, created_timestamp_column:  
                                       str | None, start_date: datetime, end_date: datetime) →  
                                       RetrievalJob
```

Extracts the latest entity rows (i.e. the combination of join key columns, feature columns, and timestamp columns) from the specified data source that lie within the specified time range.

All of the column names should refer to columns that exist in the data source. In particular, any mapping of column names must have already happened.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **data_source** – The data source from which the entity rows will be extracted.
- **join_key_columns** – The columns of the join keys.
- **feature_name_columns** – The columns of the features.
- **timestamp_field** – The timestamp column, used to determine which rows are the most recent.
- **created_timestamp_column** – The column indicating when the row was created, used to break ties.
- **start_date** – The start of the time range.
- **end_date** – The end of the time range.

Returns

A RetrievalJob that can be executed to get the entity rows.


```

class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.postgres_offline_store.postgres.PostgreSQLOfflineStoreConfig(*
    in
    =
    1,
    m
    in
    =
    10
    co
    C
    ne
    ti
    T
    =
    C
    ne
    ti
    T
    ho
    St
    St
    pe
    in
    =
    5-
    de
    St
    St
    de
    St
    St
    =
    'p
    li
    us
    St
    St
    pe
    w
    St
    St
    ss
    St
    St
    |
    N
    =
    N
    ss
    lk
    St
    St
    |
    N
    =
    N
    ss
    St
    St

```

```
class feast.infra.offline_stores.contrib.postgres_offline_store.postgres.PostgreSQLRetrievalJob(query: str
| Callable[[Ab-
stract-
ContextMan-
ager[str]], con-
fig: Re-
poCon-
fig, full_featu-
bool, on_deman-
List[OnD-
|
None
=
None,
meta-
data: Re-
trieval-
Meta-
data
|
None
=
None)
```

property full_feature_names: `bool`

Returns True if full feature names should be applied to the results of the query.

property metadata: `RetrievalMetadata | None`

Returns metadata about the retrieval job.

property on_demand_feature_views: `List[OnDemandFeatureView]`

Returns a list containing all the on demand feature views to be handled.

persist(storage: `SavedDatasetStorage`, allow_overwrite: `bool | None = False`, timeout: `int | None = None`)

Synchronously executes the underlying query and persists the result in the same offline store at the specified destination.

Parameters

- **storage** – The saved dataset storage object specifying where the result should be persisted.
- **allow_overwrite** – If True, a pre-existing location (e.g. table or file) can be overwritten. Currently not all individual offline store implementations make use of this parameter.

to_sql() → `str`

Return RetrievalJob generated SQL statement if applicable.

ONLINE STORE

class `feast.infra.online_stores.online_store.OnlineStore`

The interface that Feast uses to interact with the storage system that handles online features.

abstract `online_read`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *entity_keys*: `List[EntityKey]`,
requested_features: `List[str] | None = None`) \rightarrow `List[Tuple[datetime | None,`
`Dict[str, Value] | None]]`

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

abstract `online_write_batch`(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *data*: `List[Tuple[EntityKey,`
`Dict[str, Value], datetime, datetime | None]]`, *progress*: `Callable[[int],`
`Any] | None`) \rightarrow `None`

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.
- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

plan(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *desired_registry_proto*: `Registry`) \rightarrow `List[InfraObject]`

Returns the set of `InfraObjects` required to support the desired registry.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **desired_registry_proto** – The desired registry, in proto form.

abstract teardown(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)])

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

abstract update(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *tables_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *entities_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *partial*: [bool](#))

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **partial** – If true, `tables_to_delete` and `tables_to_keep` are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

12.1 Sqlite Online Store

class `feast.infra.online_stores.sqlite.SqliteOnlineStore`

SQLite implementation of the online store interface. Not recommended for production usage.

_conn

SQLite connection.

Type

[sqlite3.Connection](#) | [None](#)

online_read(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *table*: [FeatureView](#), *entity_keys*: [List](#)[[EntityKey](#)], *requested_features*: [List](#)[[str](#)] | [None](#) = [None](#)) → [List](#)[[Tuple](#)[[datetime](#) | [None](#), [Dict](#)[[str](#), [Value](#)] | [None](#)]]

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

online_write_batch(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *table*: [FeatureView](#), *data*: [List\[Tuple\[EntityKey, Dict\[str, Value\], datetime, datetime | None\]\]](#), *progress*: [Callable\[\[int, Any\] | None\]](#)) → [None](#)

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.
- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

plan(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *desired_registry_proto*: [Registry](#)) → [List\[InfraObject\]](#)

Returns the set of InfraObjects required to support the desired registry.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **desired_registry_proto** – The desired registry, in proto form.

teardown(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables*: [Sequence\[FeatureView\]](#), *entities*: [Sequence\[Entity\]](#))

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables_to_delete*: [Sequence\[FeatureView\]](#), *tables_to_keep*: [Sequence\[FeatureView\]](#), *entities_to_delete*: [Sequence\[Entity\]](#), *entities_to_keep*: [Sequence\[Entity\]](#), *partial*: [bool](#))

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.

- **partial** – If true, `tables_to_delete` and `tables_to_keep` are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.sqlite.SqliteOnlineStoreConfig(*, type:
                                                                typing_extensions.Literal[sqlite,
                                                                feast.infra.online_stores.sqlite.SqliteOnlineStore]
                                                                = 'sqlite', path: StrictStr =
                                                                'data/online.db')
```

Online store config for local (SQLite-based) store

path: `StrictStr`

(optional) Path to sqlite db

type: `typing_extensions.Literal[sqlite,`
`feast.infra.online_stores.sqlite.SqliteOnlineStore]`

Online store type selector

12.2 Datastore Online Store

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.datastore.DatastoreOnlineStore
```

Google Cloud Datastore implementation of the online store interface.

See https://github.com/feast-dev/feast/blob/master/docs/specs/online_store_format.md#google-datastore-online-store-format for more details about the data model for this implementation.

_client

Datastore connection.

Type

`google.cloud.datastore.client.Client | None`

online_read(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *entity_keys*: `List[EntityKey]`, *requested_features*:
`List[str] | None = None`) → `List[Tuple[datetime | None, Dict[str, Value] | None]]`

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

online_write_batch(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *data*: `List[Tuple[EntityKey, Dict[str, Value],`
`datetime, datetime | None]]`, *progress*: `Callable[[int], Any] | None`) → `None`

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.

- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.
- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

teardown(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)])

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *tables_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *entities_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *partial*: *bool*)

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **partial** – If true, *tables_to_delete* and *tables_to_keep* are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.datastore.DatastoreOnlineStoreConfig(*, type: typing_extensions.Literal[datastore]
    = 'datastore', project_id: StrictStr | None = None,
    namespace: StrictStr | None = None,
    write_concurrency: PositiveInt | None = 40,
    write_batch_size: PositiveInt | None = 50)
```

Online store config for GCP Datastore

namespace: [StrictStr](#) | [None](#)

(optional) Datastore namespace

project_id: [StrictStr](#) | [None](#)

(optional) GCP Project Id

type: `typing_extensions.Literal[datastore]`

Online store type selector

write_batch_size: `PositiveInt | None`

(optional) Amount of feature rows per batch being written into Datastore

write_concurrency: `PositiveInt | None`

(optional) Amount of threads to use when writing batches of feature rows into Datastore

12.3 DynamoDB Online Store

class `feast.infra.online_stores.dynamodb.DynamoDBOnlineStore`

AWS DynamoDB implementation of the online store interface.

_dynamodb_client

Boto3 DynamoDB client.

_dynamodb_resource

Boto3 DynamoDB resource.

online_read(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *entity_keys*: `List[EntityKey]`, *requested_features*: `List[str] | None = None`) → `List[Tuple[datetime | None, Dict[str, Value] | None]]`

Retrieve feature values from the online DynamoDB store.

Parameters

- **config** – The `RepoConfig` for the current `FeatureStore`.
- **table** – Feast `FeatureView`.
- **entity_keys** – a list of entity keys that should be read from the `FeatureStore`.

online_write_batch(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *data*: `List[Tuple[EntityKey, Dict[str, Value], datetime, datetime | None]]`, *progress*: `Callable[[int], Any] | None`) → `None`

Write a batch of feature rows to online DynamoDB store.

Note: This method applies a `batch_writer` to automatically handle any unprocessed items and resend them as needed, this is useful if you're loading a lot of data at a time.

Parameters

- **config** – The `RepoConfig` for the current `FeatureStore`.
- **table** – Feast `FeatureView`.
- **data** – a list of quadruplets containing Feature data. Each quadruplet contains an Entity Key,
- **values** (a dict containing feature) –
- **row** (an event timestamp for the) –
- **and** –
- **exists.** (the created timestamp for the row if it) –
- **progress** – Optional function to be called once every mini-batch of rows is written to
- **progress.** (the online store. Can be used to display) –

teardown(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables*: *Sequence*[[FeatureView](#)], *entities*: *Sequence*[[Entity](#)])

Delete tables from the DynamoDB Online Store.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **tables** – Tables to delete from the feature repo.

update(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables_to_delete*: *Sequence*[[FeatureView](#)], *tables_to_keep*: *Sequence*[[FeatureView](#)], *entities_to_delete*: *Sequence*[[Entity](#)], *entities_to_keep*: *Sequence*[[Entity](#)], *partial*: *bool*)

Update tables from the DynamoDB Online Store.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **tables_to_delete** – Tables to delete from the DynamoDB Online Store.
- **tables_to_keep** – Tables to keep in the DynamoDB Online Store.

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.dynamodb.DynamoDBOnlineStoreConfig(*, type: typing_extensions.Literal[dynamodb]
                                                                    = 'dynamodb', batch_size:
                                                                    int = 40, endpoint_url: str |
                                                                    None = None, region:
                                                                    StrictStr,
                                                                    table_name_template:
                                                                    StrictStr =
                                                                    '{project}.{table_name}',
                                                                    consistent_reads: StrictBool
                                                                    = False)
```

Online store config for DynamoDB store

batch_size: `int`

Number of items to retrieve in a DynamoDB BatchGetItem call.

consistent_reads: `StrictBool`

Whether to read from Dynamodb by forcing consistent reads

endpoint_url: `str | None`

8000

Type

DynamoDB local development endpoint Url, i.e. http

Type

//localhost

region: `StrictStr`

AWS Region Name

table_name_template: `StrictStr`

DynamoDB table name template

type: `typing_extensions.Literal[dynamodb]`

Online store type selector

12.4 Redis Online Store

class `feast.infra.online_stores.redis.RedisOnlineStore`

Redis implementation of the online store interface.

See https://github.com/feast-dev/feast/blob/master/docs/specs/online_store_format.md#redis-online-store-format for more details about the data model for this implementation.

_client

Redis connection.

Type

`redis.client.Redis | redis.cluster.RedisCluster | None`

online_read(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *entity_keys*: `List[EntityKey]`, *requested_features*: `List[str] | None = None`) → `List[Tuple[datetime | None, Dict[str, Value] | None]]`

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

online_write_batch(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *data*: `List[Tuple[EntityKey, Dict[str, Value], datetime, datetime | None]]`, *progress*: `Callable[[int], Any] | None`) → `None`

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.
- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

teardown(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *tables*: `Sequence[FeatureView]`, *entities*: `Sequence[Entity]`)

We delete the keys in redis for tables/views being removed.

update(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *tables_to_delete*: `Sequence[FeatureView]`, *tables_to_keep*: `Sequence[FeatureView]`, *entities_to_delete*: `Sequence[Entity]`, *entities_to_keep*: `Sequence[Entity]`, *partial*: `bool`)

Look for `join_keys` (list of entities) that are not in use anymore (usually this happens when the last feature view that was using specific compound key is deleted) and remove all features attached to this “`join_keys`”.

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.redis.RedisOnlineStoreConfig(*, type:
    typing_extensions.Literal[redis] =
    'redis', redis_type: RedisType =
    RedisType.redis, connection_string:
    StrictStr = 'localhost:6379',
    key_ttl_seconds: int | None = None)

Online store config for Redis store

connection_string: StrictStr
    Connection string containing the host, port, and configuration parameters for Redis format:
    host:port,parameter1,parameter2 eg. redis:6379,db=0

key_ttl_seconds: int | None
    (Optional) redis key bin ttl (in seconds) for expiring entities

redis_type: RedisType
    redis or redis_cluster

    Type
    Redis type

type: typing_extensions.Literal[redis]
    Online store type selector
```

12.5 Snowflake Online Store

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.snowflake.SnowflakeOnlineStore
```

```
online_read(config: RepoConfig, table: FeatureView, entity_keys: List[EntityKey], requested_features:
    List[str]) → List[Tuple[datetime | None, Dict[str, Value] | None]]
```

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

```
online_write_batch(config: RepoConfig, table: FeatureView, data: List[Tuple[EntityKey, Dict[str, Value],
    datetime, datetime | None]], progress: Callable[[int], Any] | None) → None
```

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.

- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

teardown(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)])

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *tables_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *entities_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *partial*: *bool*)

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **partial** – If true, `tables_to_delete` and `tables_to_keep` are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.snowflake.SnowflakeOnlineStoreConfig(*, type: typing_extensions.Literal[snowflake.online]
                                                                    = 'snowflake.online',
                                                                    config_path: str | None =
                                                                    '/home/docs/.snowsql/config',
                                                                    account: str | None =
                                                                    None, user: str | None =
                                                                    None, password: str |
                                                                    None = None, role: str |
                                                                    None = None, warehouse:
                                                                    str | None = None,
                                                                    authenticator: str | None
                                                                    = None, database:
                                                                    StrictStr, schema: str |
                                                                    None = 'PUBLIC')
```

Online store config for Snowflake

account: [str](#) | [None](#)

Snowflake deployment identifier – drop `.snowflakecomputing.com`

authenticator: `str | None`
Snowflake authenticator name

config_path: `str | None`
Snowflake config path – absolute path required (Can't use ~)

database: `StrictStr`
Snowflake database name

password: `str | None`
Snowflake password

role: `str | None`
Snowflake role name

schema_: `str | None`
Snowflake schema name

type: `typing_extensions.Literal[snowflake.online]`
Online store type selector

user: `str | None`
Snowflake user name

warehouse: `str | None`
Snowflake warehouse name

12.6 PostgreSQL Online Store

class `feast.infra.online_stores.contrib.postgres.PostgreSQLOnlineStore`

online_read(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *entity_keys*: `List[EntityKey]`, *requested_features*: `List[str] | None = None`) → `List[Tuple[datetime | None, Dict[str, Value] | None]]`

Reads features values for the given entity keys.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **table** – The feature view whose feature values should be read.
- **entity_keys** – The list of entity keys for which feature values should be read.
- **requested_features** – The list of features that should be read.

Returns

A list of the same length as `entity_keys`. Each item in the list is a tuple where the first item is the event timestamp for the row, and the second item is a dict mapping feature names to values, which are returned in proto format.

online_write_batch(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *data*: `List[Tuple[EntityKey, Dict[str, Value], datetime, datetime | None]]`, *progress*: `Callable[[int, Any] | None] → None`) → `None`

Writes a batch of feature rows to the online store.

If a tz-naive timestamp is passed to this method, it is assumed to be UTC.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.

- **table** – Feature view to which these feature rows correspond.
- **data** – A list of quadruplets containing feature data. Each quadruplet contains an entity key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Function to be called once a batch of rows is written to the online store, used to show progress.

teardown(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)])

Tears down all cloud resources for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *tables_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[FeatureView](#)], *entities_to_delete*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *entities_to_keep*: [Sequence](#)[[Entity](#)], *partial*: *bool*)

Reconciles cloud resources with the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **config** – The config for the current feature store.
- **tables_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **tables_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **partial** – If true, *tables_to_delete* and *tables_to_keep* are not exhaustive lists, so infrastructure corresponding to other feature views should be not be touched.

```

class feast.infra.online_stores.contrib.postgres.PostgreSQLOnlineStoreConfig(*, min_conn:
    int = 1,
    max_conn: int
    = 10,
    conn_type:
    ConnectionType
    = Connection-
    Type.singleton,
    host: StrictStr,
    port: int =
    5432, database:
    StrictStr,
    db_schema:
    StrictStr =
    'public', user:
    StrictStr,
    password:
    StrictStr,
    sslmode:
    StrictStr | None
    = None,
    sslkey_path:
    StrictStr | None
    = None,
    sslcert_path:
    StrictStr | None
    = None, ssl-
    rootcert_path:
    StrictStr | None
    = None,
    keepalives_idle:
    int | None =
    None, type: typ-
    ing_extensions.Literal[postgres]
    = 'postgres')

```

12.7 HBase Online Store

```

class feast.infra.online_stores.contrib.hbase_online_store.hbase.HbaseOnlineStore

```

Online feature store for Hbase.

_conn

Happybase Connection to connect to hbase thrift server.

Type

happybase.connection.Connection

```

online_read(config: RepoConfig, table: FeatureView, entity_keys: List[EntityKey], requested_features:
    List[str] | None = None) → List[Tuple[datetime | None, Dict[str, Value] | None]]

```

Retrieve feature values from the Hbase online store.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.

- **table** – Feast FeatureView.
- **entity_keys** – a list of entity keys that should be read from the FeatureStore.
- **requested_features** – a list of requested feature names.

online_write_batch(*config*: RepoConfig, *table*: FeatureView, *data*: List[Tuple[EntityKey, Dict[str, Value], datetime, datetime | None]], *progress*: Callable[[int], Any] | None) → None

Write a batch of feature rows to Hbase online store.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **table** – Feast FeatureView.
- **data** – a list of quadruplets containing Feature data. Each quadruplet contains an Entity Key,
- **values** (a dict containing feature) –
- **row** (an event timestamp for the) –
- **and** –
- **exists.** (the created timestamp for the row if it) –
- **progress** – Optional function to be called once every mini-batch of rows is written to
- **progress.** (the online store. Can be used to display) –

teardown(*config*: RepoConfig, *tables*: Sequence[FeatureView], *entities*: Sequence[Entity])

Delete tables from the Hbase Online Store.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **tables** – Tables to delete from the feature repo.

update(*config*: RepoConfig, *tables_to_delete*: Sequence[FeatureView], *tables_to_keep*: Sequence[FeatureView], *entities_to_delete*: Sequence[Entity], *entities_to_keep*: Sequence[Entity], *partial*: bool)

Update tables from the Hbase Online Store.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **tables_to_delete** – Tables to delete from the Hbase Online Store.
- **tables_to_keep** – Tables to keep in the Hbase Online Store.

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.contrib.hbase_online_store.hbase.HbaseOnlineStoreConfig(*,
                                                                                       type:
                                                                                       typ-
                                                                                       ing_extensions.Liter
                                                                                       =
                                                                                       'hbase',
                                                                                       host:
                                                                                       str,
                                                                                       port:
                                                                                       str)
```

Online store config for Hbase store

host: `str`
 Hostname of Hbase Thrift server

port: `str`
 Port in which Hbase Thrift server is running

type: `typing_extensions.Literal[hbase]`
 Online store type selector

12.8 Cassandra Online Store

class `feast.infra.online_stores.contrib.cassandra_online_store.cassandra_online_store.CassandraOnlineStore`

Cassandra/Astra DB online store implementation for Feast.

_cluster

Cassandra cluster to connect to.

Type

`cassandra.cluster.Cluster`

_session

(DataStax Cassandra drivers) session object to issue commands.

Type

`cassandra.cluster.Session`

_keyspace

Cassandra keyspace all tables live in.

Type

`str`

_prepared_statements

cache of statements prepared by the driver.

Type

`Dict[str, cassandra.query.PreparedStatement]`

online_read(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *entity_keys*: `List[EntityKey]`, *requested_features*: `List[str] | None = None`) → `List[Tuple[datetime | None, Dict[str, Value] | None]]`

Read feature values pertaining to the requested entities from the online store.

Parameters

- **config** – The `RepoConfig` for the current `FeatureStore`.
- **table** – Feast `FeatureView`.
- **entity_keys** – a list of entity keys that should be read from the `FeatureStore`.

online_write_batch(*config*: `RepoConfig`, *table*: `FeatureView`, *data*: `List[Tuple[EntityKey, Dict[str, Value], datetime, datetime | None]]`, *progress*: `Callable[[int], Any] | None`) → `None`

Write a batch of features of several entities to the database.

Parameters

- **config** – The `RepoConfig` for the current `FeatureStore`.

- **table** – Feast FeatureView.
- **data** – a list of quadruplets containing Feature data. Each quadruplet contains an Entity Key, a dict containing feature values, an event timestamp for the row, and the created timestamp for the row if it exists.
- **progress** – Optional function to be called once every mini-batch of rows is written to the online store. Can be used to display progress.

teardown(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables*: *Sequence*[[FeatureView](#)], *entities*: *Sequence*[[Entity](#)])

Delete tables from the database.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **tables** – Tables to delete from the feature repo.

update(*config*: [RepoConfig](#), *tables_to_delete*: *Sequence*[[FeatureView](#)], *tables_to_keep*: *Sequence*[[FeatureView](#)], *entities_to_delete*: *Sequence*[[Entity](#)], *entities_to_keep*: *Sequence*[[Entity](#)], *partial*: *bool*)

Update schema on DB, by creating and destroying tables accordingly.

Parameters

- **config** – The RepoConfig for the current FeatureStore.
- **tables_to_delete** – Tables to delete from the Online Store.
- **tables_to_keep** – Tables to keep in the Online Store.

```
class feast.infra.online_stores.contrib.cassandra_online_store.cassandra_online_store.CassandraOnlineSt
```

Configuration for the Cassandra/Astra DB online store.

Exactly one of *hosts* and *secure_bundle_path* must be provided; depending on which one, the connection will be to a regular Cassandra or an Astra DB instance (respectively).

If connecting to Astra DB, authentication must be provided with username and password being the Client ID and Client Secret of the database token.

```
class CassandraLoadBalancingPolicy(*, load_balancing_policy: StrictStr, local_dc: StrictStr =  
                                'datacenter1')
```

Configuration block related to the Cluster's load-balancing policy.

load_balancing_policy: StrictStr

A stringy description of the load balancing policy to instantiate the cluster with. Supported values:
"DCAwareRoundRobinPolicy" "TokenAwarePolicy(DCAwareRoundRobinPolicy)"

local_dc: StrictStr

The local datacenter, usually necessary to create the policy.

hosts: List[StrictStr] | None

List of host addresses to reach the cluster.

keyspace: StrictStr

Target Cassandra keyspace where all tables will be.

load_balancing: CassandraLoadBalancingPolicy | None

it will be wrapped into an execution profile if present.

Type

Details on the load-balancing policy

password: StrictStr | None

Password for DB auth, possibly Astra DB token Client Secret.

port: StrictInt | None

Port number for connecting to the cluster (optional).

protocol_version: StrictInt | None

Explicit specification of the CQL protocol version used.

read_concurrency: StrictInt | None

Value of the *concurrency* parameter internally passed to Cassandra driver's *execute_concurrent_with_args* call when reading rows from tables. See <https://docs.datastax.com/en/developer/python-driver/3.25/api/cassandra/concurrent/#module-cassandra.concurrent> . Default: 100.

request_timeout: StrictFloat | None

Request timeout in seconds.

secure_bundle_path: StrictStr | None

Path to the secure connect bundle (for Astra DB; replaces hosts).

type: typing_extensions.Literal[cassandra]

Online store type selector.

username: StrictStr | None

Username for DB auth, possibly Astra DB token Client ID.

write_concurrency: StrictInt | None

Value of the *concurrency* parameter internally passed to Cassandra driver's *execute_concurrent_with_args* call when writing rows to tables. See <https://docs.datastax.com/en/developer/python-driver/3.25/api/cassandra/concurrent/#module-cassandra.concurrent> . Default: 100.

BATCH MATERIALIZATION ENGINE

```
class feast.infra.materialization.batch_materialization_engine.BatchMaterializationEngine(*,
                                                                                          repo_config:
                                                                                          Re-
                                                                                          poCon-
                                                                                          fig,
                                                                                          of-
                                                                                          fline_store:
                                                                                          Of-
                                                                                          fline-
                                                                                          Store,
                                                                                          on-
                                                                                          line_store:
                                                                                          On-
                                                                                          line-
                                                                                          Store,
                                                                                          **kwargs)
```

The interface that Feast uses to control the compute system that handles batch materialization.

```
abstract materialize(registry: BaseRegistry, tasks: List[MaterializationTask]) →
    List[MaterializationJob]
```

Materialize data from the offline store to the online store for this feature repo.

Parameters

- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **tasks** – A list of individual materialization tasks.

Returns

A list of materialization jobs representing each task.

```
abstract teardown_infra(project: str, fvs: Sequence[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView |
    FeatureView], entities: Sequence[Entity])
```

Tears down all cloud resources used by the materialization engine for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **fvs** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

```
abstract update(project: str, views_to_delete: Sequence[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView |
    FeatureView], views_to_keep: Sequence[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView |
    FeatureView], entities_to_delete: Sequence[Entity], entities_to_keep: Sequence[Entity])
```

Prepares cloud resources required for batch materialization for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **views_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **views_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.

class feast.infra.materialization.batch_materialization_engine.**MaterializationJob**

A MaterializationJob represents an ongoing or executed process that materializes data as per the definition of a materialization task.

class feast.infra.materialization.batch_materialization_engine.**MaterializationTask**(*project:*
str, *feature_view:*
Batch-
Feature-
View |
Stream-
Feature-
View |
Feature-
View,
start_time:
date-
time,
end_time:
date-
time,
tqdm_builder:
Callable[[int],
tqdm])

A MaterializationTask represents a unit of data that needs to be materialized from an offline store to an online store.

13.1 Local Engine

class feast.infra.materialization.local_engine.**LocalMaterializationEngine**(**repo_config:*
RepoConfig,
offline_store:
OfflineStore,
online_store:
OnlineStore,
***kwargs*)

materialize(*registry*, *tasks*: *List*[*MaterializationTask*]) → *List*[*MaterializationJob*]

Materialize data from the offline store to the online store for this feature repo.

Parameters

- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **tasks** – A list of individual materialization tasks.

Returns

A list of materialization jobs representing each task.

teardown_infra(*project*: *str*, *fvs*: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*],
entities: *Sequence*[*Entity*])

Tears down all cloud resources used by the materialization engine for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **fvs** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(*project*: *str*, *views_to_delete*: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*],
views_to_keep: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*], *entities_to_delete*:
Sequence[*Entity*], *entities_to_keep*: *Sequence*[*Entity*])

Prepares cloud resources required for batch materialization for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **views_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **views_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.

```
class feast.infra.materialization.local_engine.LocalMaterializationEngineConfig(*, type: Literal['local']
                                                                              = 'local')
```

Batch Materialization Engine config for local in-process engine

type: *Literal*['local']

Type selector

```
class feast.infra.materialization.local_engine.LocalMaterializationJob(job_id: str, status:
                                                                        feast.infra.materialization.batch_materiali
                                                                        error: BaseException |
                                                                        NoneType = None)
```

13.2 Bytewax Engine

```
class feast.infra.materialization.contrib.bytewax.bytewax_materialization_engine.BytewaxMaterialization
```

materialize(*registry*: [BaseRegistry](#), *tasks*: [List\[MaterializationTask\]](#)) → [List\[MaterializationJob\]](#)

Materialize data from the offline store to the online store for this feature repo.

Parameters

- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **tasks** – A list of individual materialization tasks.

Returns

A list of materialization jobs representing each task.

teardown_infra(*project*: *str*, *fvs*: [Sequence\[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | FeatureView\]](#),
entities: [Sequence\[Entity\]](#))

This method ensures that any infrastructure or resources set up by `update()` are torn down.

update(*project*: *str*, *views_to_delete*: [Sequence\[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | FeatureView\]](#),
views_to_keep: [Sequence\[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | FeatureView\]](#), *entities_to_delete*:
[Sequence\[Entity\]](#), *entities_to_keep*: [Sequence\[Entity\]](#))

This method ensures that any necessary infrastructure or resources needed by the engine are set up ahead of materialization.

```
class feast.infra.materialization.contrib.bythewax.bythewax_materialization_engine.BythewaxMaterialization
```

Batch Materialization Engine config for Bytewax

annotations: `dict`

(optional) Annotations to apply to the job container. Useful for linking the service account to IAM roles, operational metadata, etc

env: `List[dict]`

(optional) A list of environment variables to set in the created Kubernetes pods. These environment variables can be used to reference Kubernetes secrets.

image: `StrictStr`

(optional) The container image to use when running the materialization job.

image_pull_secrets: `List[dict]`

(optional) The secrets to use when pulling the image to run for the materialization job

include_security_context_capabilities: `bool`

(optional) Include security context capabilities in the init and job container spec

labels: `dict`

(optional) additional labels to append to kubernetes objects

max_parallelism: `int`

(optional) Maximum number of pods (default 10) allowed to run in parallel per job

namespace: `StrictStr`

(optional) The namespace in Kubernetes to use when creating services, configuration maps and jobs.

resources: `dict`

(optional) The resource requests and limits for the materialization containers

service_account_name: `StrictStr`

(optional) The service account name to use when running the job

type: `Literal['bytewax']`

Materialization type selector

```
class feast.infra.materialization.contrib.bytewax.bytewax_materialization_job.BytewaxMaterializationJob
```

13.3 Snowflake Engine

```
class feast.infra.materialization.snowflake_engine.SnowflakeMaterializationEngine(*,
                                                                                   repo_config:
                                                                                   Re-
                                                                                   poCon-
                                                                                   fig,
                                                                                   of-
                                                                                   fline_store:
                                                                                   Offline-
                                                                                   Store,
                                                                                   on-
                                                                                   line_store:
                                                                                   Online-
                                                                                   Store,
                                                                                   **kwargs)
```

materialize(registry, tasks: *List*[MaterializationTask]) → *List*[MaterializationJob]

Materialize data from the offline store to the online store for this feature repo.

Parameters

- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **tasks** – A list of individual materialization tasks.

Returns

A list of materialization jobs representing each task.

teardown_infra(project: *str*, fvs: *Sequence*[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | FeatureView],
entities: *Sequence*[Entity])

Tears down all cloud resources used by the materialization engine for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **fvs** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(project: *str*, views_to_delete: *Sequence*[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | FeatureView],
views_to_keep: *Sequence*[BatchFeatureView | StreamFeatureView | FeatureView], entities_to_delete:
Sequence[Entity], entities_to_keep: *Sequence*[Entity])

Prepares cloud resources required for batch materialization for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **views_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **views_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.

```

class feast.infra.materialization.snowflake_engine.SnowflakeMaterializationEngineConfig(*,
                                                    type:
                                                        Lit-
                                                        eral['snowflake.engine']
                                                    =
                                                    'snowflake.engine'
                                                    con-
                                                    fig_path:
                                                        str
                                                        |
                                                        None
                                                    =
                                                    '/home/docs/.snowsq
ac-
count:
    str
    |
    None
    =
    None,
    user:
        str
        |
        None
        =
        None,
        pass-
        word:
            str
            |
            None
            =
            None,
            role:
                str
                |
                None
                =
                None,
                ware-
                house:
                    str
                    |
                    None
                    =
                    None,
                    au-
                    then-
                    ti-
                    ca-
                    tor:
                        str
                        |
                        None
                        =
                        None,
                        database:
                            Strict-
                            Str,
                            schema:

```

Batch Materialization Engine config for Snowflake Snowpark Python UDFs

account: `str` | `None`

Snowflake deployment identifier – drop .snowflakecomputing.com

authenticator: `str` | `None`

Snowflake authenticator name

config_path: `str` | `None`

Snowflake config path – absolute path required (Cant use ~)

database: `StrictStr`

Snowflake database name

password: `str` | `None`

Snowflake password

role: `str` | `None`

Snowflake role name

schema_: `str` | `None`

Snowflake schema name

type: `Literal['snowflake.engine']`

Type selector

user: `str` | `None`

Snowflake user name

warehouse: `str` | `None`

Snowflake warehouse name

```
class feast.infra.materialization.snowflake_engine.SnowflakeMaterializationJob(job_id: str,
                                                                              status:
                                                                              feast.infra.materialization.batch
                                                                              error: Base-
                                                                              Exception |
                                                                              NoneType =
                                                                              None)
```

13.4 (Alpha) AWS Lambda Engine

```
class feast.infra.materialization.aws_lambda.lambda_engine.LambdaMaterializationEngine(*,
                                                                                      repo_config:
                                                                                      Re-
                                                                                      poCon-
                                                                                      fig,
                                                                                      of-
                                                                                      fline_store:
                                                                                      Of-
                                                                                      fline-
                                                                                      Store,
                                                                                      on-
                                                                                      line_store:
                                                                                      On-
                                                                                      line-
                                                                                      Store,
                                                                                      **kwargs)
```

WARNING: This engine should be considered “Alpha” functionality.

materialize(registry, tasks: *List*[*MaterializationTask*]) → *List*[*MaterializationJob*]

Materialize data from the offline store to the online store for this feature repo.

Parameters

- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **tasks** – A list of individual materialization tasks.

Returns

A list of materialization jobs representing each task.

teardown_infra(project: *str*, fvs: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*],
entities: *Sequence*[*Entity*])

Tears down all cloud resources used by the materialization engine for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **fvs** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(project: *str*, views_to_delete: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*],
views_to_keep: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*], entities_to_delete:
Sequence[*Entity*], entities_to_keep: *Sequence*[*Entity*])

Prepares cloud resources required for batch materialization for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **views_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **views_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.


```

class feast.infra.materialization.aws_lambda.lambda_engine.LambdaMaterializationEngineConfig(*,
    type: Literal['lambda'] = 'lambda',
    materialization_image: StrictStr,
    lambda_role: StrictStr)

    Batch Materialization Engine config for lambda based engine

    lambda_role: StrictStr
        Role that should be used by the materialization lambda

    materialization_image: StrictStr
        The URI of a container image in the Amazon ECR registry, which should be used for materialization.

    type: Literal['lambda']
        Type selector

class feast.infra.materialization.aws_lambda.lambda_engine.LambdaMaterializationJob(job_id:
    str,
    status: feast.infra.materialization

```

13.5 (Alpha) Spark Engine

```

class feast.infra.materialization.contrib.spark.spark_materialization_engine.SparkMaterializationEngine

```

materialize(*registry*, *tasks*: *List*[*MaterializationTask*]) → *List*[*MaterializationJob*]

Materialize data from the offline store to the online store for this feature repo.

Parameters

- **registry** – The registry for the current feature store.
- **tasks** – A list of individual materialization tasks.

Returns

A list of materialization jobs representing each task.

teardown_infra(*project*: *str*, *fvs*: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*],
entities: *Sequence*[*Entity*])

Tears down all cloud resources used by the materialization engine for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **fvs** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.

update(*project*: *str*, *views_to_delete*: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*],
views_to_keep: *Sequence*[*BatchFeatureView* | *StreamFeatureView* | *FeatureView*], *entities_to_delete*:
Sequence[*Entity*], *entities_to_keep*: *Sequence*[*Entity*])

Prepares cloud resources required for batch materialization for the specified set of Feast objects.

Parameters

- **project** – Feast project to which the objects belong.
- **views_to_delete** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **views_to_keep** – Feature views whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.
- **entities_to_delete** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should be deleted.
- **entities_to_keep** – Entities whose corresponding infrastructure should not be deleted, and may need to be updated.

class feast.infra.materialization.contrib.spark.spark_materialization_engine.**SparkMaterializationEngine**

Batch Materialization Engine config for spark engine

partitions: **int**

Number of partitions to use when writing data to online store. If 0, no repartitioning is done

```
type: Literal['spark.engine']
    Type selector
class feast.infra.materialization.contrib.spark.spark_materialization_engine.SparkMaterializationJob(job
    str,
    sta
    tus
    fea
    er-
    ron
    Ba
    Ex-
    cep
    tion
    |
    No
    Typ
    =
    No
```


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